INTRODUCTION

This document is intended as a basic reference for psychosocial scales in the MIDUS 2 data sets. The document provides comprehensive information regarding scale construction and usage of the scales.

For each scale, items used to construct the scale, coding, and methods of scale construction are described. Also described is how missing data are dealt with for each scale. In addition, information regarding psychometric properties, source articles, published studies that use the scale, and other important notes are also included.

The variable name of a scale is presented in brackets with uppercase letters (e.g., [B1PDEPAF] for depression). If the scale is from MIDUS 1 study and unchanged, MIDUS 1 scale name is also presented. Or, if the scale is newly added at MIDUS 2 or is from MIDUS 1 but modified at MIDUS 2 (e.g., number of items in the scale are different at MIDUS 1 and at MIDUS 2), it is noted so. The third type of scales is those that are constructed newly at MIDUS 2 even though individual items are from in the MIDUS 1 data (e.g., Work to Family / Family to Work Spillover scales). These are the scales that are mentioned in the “Documentation of Scales – MIDUS 1” but have not been created in the MIDUS 1 data.

Scale name and description is followed by individual items and by the description of how the scale score is constructed. Depending on the type of scales, the scales were constructed in three ways. For the scales that are unchanged from MIDUS 1, to maintain longitudinal consistency between MIDUS 1 and MIDUS 2 data, scores were constructed in the same way as in MIDUS 1. For scales modified from MIDUS 1, two versions of scales were created – MIDUS 1 version items constructed in the same way as in MIDUS 1 data and MIDUS 2 version that is constructed with modified items. For scales new at MIDUS 2, the summary scores were calculated.

For scales unchanged from MIDUS 1, missing data were dealt in the same way as in MIDUS 1 data. For new scales at MIDUS 2, the mean value of completed items was imputed for an item with a
missing value. When more than half of all items were missing, the scale was not calculated for the case, and coded as "8 NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data)."

Cronbach’s alpha reliability coefficient is reported for most scales. Alpha reliability coefficients are reported for four different samples: The total sample, Main RDD sample, Twin sample, and Sibling samples. Along with alpha, mean and standard deviation of the scale score are reported for each sample.

“Sources” refer to articles, or other published studies that originally discussed the scale. There are a few scales for which sources could not be identified. In these cases, names of scholars who are listed under the “source of code” in the ‘Scales.txt’ file (MIDUS 1) are listed. Additional information regarding the scales has been added in the “Notes” sections. This document will be periodically revised and updated as more information is gathered, and researchers continue to work with the MIDUS 2 data. If there are suggestions or comments, please contact Barry Radler (bradler@wisc.edu). Moreover, if additional scales are constructed using these data, please contact us, so the work can be shared.
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEPRESSION</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GENERALIZED ANXIETY DISORDER</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PANIC ATTACK (PANIC DISORDER)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIFE SATISFACTION (Domain Specific)</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEALTH LOCUS OF CONTROL</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOMATIC AMPLIFICATION SCALE</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE AFFECT</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERSONALITY IN INTELLECTUAL AGING CONTEXTS (PIC) SCALE</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING (MIDUS 1 VERSION)</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING (MIDUS 2 version)</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SENSE OF CONTROL</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SELF-ESTEEM</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SELF-CONSTRUAL SCALE</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERSONALITY TRAITS</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MULTIDIMENSIONAL PERSONALITY QUESTIONNAIRE</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIFE ORIENTATION TEST</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIMARY AND SECONDARY CONTROL (MIDUS 1 scales)</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIMARY AND SECONDARY CONTROL (MIDUS 2 scales)</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLANNING AND MAKING SENSE OF PAST</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEEKING SOCIAL SUPPORT</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COPING</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WORK TO FAMILY AND FAMILY TO WORK SPILLOVER</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JOB CHARACTERISTICS</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHRONIC JOB DISCRIMINATION</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCEIVED INEQUALITY IN WORK</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GENERATIVITY</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCIAL WELL-BEING</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYMPATHY SCALE</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERSONAL BELIEFS ON NEIGHBORHOOD</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCEIVED INEQUALITY IN HOME</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAMILY SUPPORT AND STRAIN</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAMILY SUPPORT PROVIDED</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRIEND SUPPORT AND STRAIN</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCEIVED INEQUALITY IN FAMILY</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARITAL RISK</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPOUSE/PARTNER DISAGREEMENT</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPOUSE / PARTNER SUPPORT AND STRAIN</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPOUSE / PARTNER JOINT DECISION MAKING</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RELIGIOSITY</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCEIVED DISCRIMINATION</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PARENTAL AFFECTION IN CHILDHOOD</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO-RESIDING ADULT CHILDREN</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHRONIC CONDITION</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRESCRIPTION MEDICINE</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VITAMINS AND SUPPLEMENTS</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACTIVITY OF DAILY LIVING</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DYSPNEA</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BODY INDICES</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEEING DOCTORS &amp; MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONALS</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ALCOHOL SCREENING TEST ................................................................. 115
HOUSEHOLD INCOME VARIABLES .................................................. 117
SUBJECTIVE HEART ATTACK RISK ............................................... 120
ANGINA (CHEST PAIN RESULTING FROM CARDIAC ISCHEMIA) .......... 121
SUBJECTIVE CANCER RISK ............................................................... 122
MARRIED OR COHABITATION ......................................................... 123
SPOUSE AGE ..................................................................................... 124
HOUSEHOLD SIZE ........................................................................... 125
DEPRESSION

Scales/Items:

Depressed Affect

[B1PDEPAF] (M1 scale name: A1PDEPAF):

(continuous variable based on 7 items)

**Items:** Telephone Interview, Section A, Question A63-A69.

(During two weeks in past 12 months, when you felt sad, blue, or depressed, did you)
A63. “lose interest in most things?”
A64. “feel more tired out or low on energy than is usual?”
A65 “lose your appetite?” OR A65a “appetite increased”
A66. “have more trouble falling asleep than usual?” AND A66a = 1 or 2
A67. “have a lot more trouble concentrating than usual?”
A68. “feel down on yourself, no good, or worthless?”
A69. “think a lot about death?”

**Coding:** 1 Yes; 2 No

**Scaling:** [B1PDEPAF] is constructed by taking the total number of “Yes” responses to the following items: A63, A64, A65/A65a, A67, A68, A69. A66 is only included if A66a equals 1 or 2. (note: for the item A66, it is counted as “Yes” only when the symptom occurs “nearly every day” or “every day.”)

[B1PDEPAD] (M1 scale name: A1PDEPAD):

(dummy variable based on QA61, QA62, and [B1PDEPAF])

= 1 if : The feeling of being sad, blue, or depressed lasted “All day long” or “Most of the day” (A61), AND
 : You feel this way “Everyday” or “Almost every day” (A62), AND
 : [B1PDEPAF] is greater than or equal to “4.”
 = 0, otherwise.

Anhedonia

[B1PANHED] (M1 scale name: A1PANHED):

(continuous variable based on 6 items)

**Items:** 6 items - Telephone Interview, Section A, Question A75 to A80.

(During two weeks in past 12 months, when you lost interest in most things, did you)
A75. “feel more tired out or low on energy than is usual"
A76. “lose your appetite” OR A76a “appetite increased”  
A77. “have more trouble falling asleep than usual” AND A77a = 1 OR 2  
A78. “have a lot more trouble concentrating than usual”  
A79. “feel down on yourself, no good, or worthless”  
A80. “think a lot about death”.

**Coding:** 1 Yes; 2 No  
**Scaling:** [B1PANHED] is constructed by taking the total number of “Yes” responses to the following items: A75, A76/A76a, A78, A79, A80. A77 is only included if A77a equals 1 or 2. (note: for the item A77, it is counted as “Yes” only when the symptom occurs “nearly every day” or “every day.”)

[B1PANHDX] (M1 scale name: A1PANHDX):  
(dummy variable based on QA73, QA74, and [B1ANHED])  
= 1 if : The loss of interest in most things lasted “All day long” or “Most of the day”  
(A73), AND  
: You feel this way “Everyday” or “Almost every day” (A74), AND  
: [B1PANHED] is greater than or equal to “4.”  
= 0 otherwise.

**Depression**

[B1PDEPRE] (M1 scale name: A1PDEPRE):  
(continuous variable based on [B1PDEPAF] and [B1PANHED], which are mutually exclusive. See skip pattern for QA60 and QA72.)  
: ranging from 0 to 7  
: = 0, if a respondent was diagnosed as negative for both depressed affect and anhedonia: i.e., B1PDEPAD =0 and B1ANHDX =0.

[B1PDEPDX] (M1 scale name: A1PDEPDX):  
(dummy variable for depression)  
= 1 if B1PDEPAD =1 or B1PANHDX =1  
= 0 otherwise.

**Missing Values:** All depression measures are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the particular scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with no valid items for a
given scale.

Source(s):


Studies using the scales:


Additional References:


* The above information is from: Kessler et al. (1999).

Notes:

- The disorder is based on the definitions and criteria specified in the third edition-revised of the American Psychiatric Association’s (APA) Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-III-R; 1987). A diagnosis of Major Depression requires of period of at least two weeks of either depressed mood or anhedonia most of the day, nearly every day, and a series of at least four other associated symptoms typically found to accompany depression, including problems with eating, sleeping, energy, concentration, feelings of self-worth, and suicidal thoughts or actions.


- WHO Field Trials (Wittchen, 1994) and other methodological studies (Blazer et al., 1994) have documented good test-retest reliability and clinical validity of these CIDI diagnoses.
GENERALIZED ANXIETY DISORDER

Scales/Items:
Anxiety Disorder

[B1PANXIE] (M1 scale name: A1PANXIE): (continuous variable based on 10 items)

**Items:** 10 items - Telephone Interview, Section A, Question A88 (a - j).

(How often - over the past 12 months-, you)

a. “were restless because of your worry”

b. “were keyed up, on edge, or had a lot of nervous energy”

c. “were irritable because of your worry”

d. “had trouble falling asleep”

e. “had trouble staying asleep because of your worry”

f. “had trouble keeping your mind on what you were doing”

g. “had trouble remembering things because of your worry”

h. “were low on energy”

i. “tired easily because of your worry”

j. “had sore or arching muscles because of tension”

(pre-condition)

- A respondent answered s/he
  : worries “A lot more” than most people (A83a), AND
  : worried “Every day, Just about every day, or Most days” (A84), AND
  : worries about “More than one thing” (A85), OR has different worries “At the same time” (A85a)

**Coding:** 1 most days; 2 about half the days; 3 less than half the days; 4 never

**Scaling:** [B1PANXIE] is constructed by taking the total number of “most days” responses to the items.

**Missing Values:** The scale is computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items for the scale.

[B1PANXTD] (M1 scale name: A1PANXTD): (dummy variable based on [B1PANXIE])

\[
1 \text{ if } [B1PANXIE] \geq 3, \\
0 \text{ otherwise.}
\]

**Source(s):**

Wang, P. S., Berglund, P., & Kessler, R. C. (2000). Recent care of common mental disorder in the...

**Studies using the scales:**


**Additional References:**


* The above information is from: Kessler et al. (1999).

**Notes:**

- The disorder is based on the definitions and criteria specified in the third edition-revised of the American Psychiatric Association’s (APA) *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-III-R; 1987)*. A diagnosis of Major Depression requires of period of at least two weeks of either depressed mood or anhedonia most of the day, nearly every day, and a series of at least four other associated symptoms typically found to accompany depression, including problems with eating, sleeping, energy, concentration, feelings of self-worth, and suicidal thoughts or actions.
- GAD was operationalized in screening versions of the World Health Organization’s (WHO) “Composite International Diagnostic Interview”, Version 10 (CIDI) (WHO, 1990; Kessler et al., 1998).
- WHO Field Trials (Wittchen, 1994) and other methodological studies (Blazer et al., 1994) have documented good test-retest reliability and clinical validity of these CIDI diagnoses.
PANIC ATTACK (PANIC DISORDER)

Scales/Items:
PANIC ATTACK

[B1PPANIC] (M1 scale name: A1PPANIC): (continuous variable based on 6 items)

Items: 6 items - Telephone Interview, Section A, Question A92 (a - f).

(When you have attacks)
a. “your heart pounds”
b. “you have tightness, pain, or discomfort in your chest or stomach”
c. “you sweat”
d. “you tremble or shake”
e. “you have hot flashes or chills”
f. “you or things around you seem unreal”

(pre-condition)
: A respondents had a spell or an attack when they felt frightened… (A90 = YES), OR
had a spell or an attack for no reason… (A90a = YES),
AND
: Attack happened when a respondent was NOT in danger or the center of attention
(A92 = NO / Don’t know)

Coding: 1 Yes; 2 No

Scaling: [B1PPANIC] is constructed by taking the total number of “Yes” responses to the items.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on
the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items for the scale.

[B1PPANDX] (M1 scale name: A1PPANDX): (dummy variable based on [B1PPANIC])

= 1 if [B1PPANIC] greater than or equal to “3.”
= 0 otherwise.

Source(s):
United States: Prevalence and conformance with evidence-based recommendations. Journal of
General Internal Medicine, 15: 284-292.

Studies using the scales:
Ettner, S. L. (2000). The relationship between labor market outcomes and physical and mental health;
Exogenous human capital or endogenous health production? Research in Human Capital and
LIFE SATISFACTION (Domain Specific)

Scales/Items:

Life Satisfaction [B1SSATIS] ((M1 scale name: A1SSATIS):

Items: 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire.
Section A, Question 1; Section F, Question 1; Section K, Question 1;
Section L, Question 1; Section Q, Question 1
: For each item, respondents were asked to rate their life overall, work, health,
relationship with spouse/partner, and relationship with children.

Life Satisfaction [B1SSATIS2] (6-item) 6th item added to make comparable with MIDJA and
Milwaukee Life Satisfaction scales: Section G, Question 1.

Coding: Each item was coded from 0 (the worst possible) to 10 (the best possible).

Scaling: [B1SSATIS] is constructed by calculating the mean of the items. The scores for
relationship with spouse/partner and relationship with children are averaged to create
one “item”. Then, this score is used along with the remaining three items to calculate an
overall mean score. Higher scores reflect higher levels of overall life satisfaction.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on
the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid item for the scales,
and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Life Satisfaction [B1SSATIS]</th>
<th>Sample (N)</th>
<th>Alpha</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Std. dev</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M2 Total Sample (4029)</td>
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<td>1.24</td>
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<tr>
<td>M2 Main RDD Sample (1803)</td>
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<tr>
<td>M2 Twin Sample (1265)</td>
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<td>7.81</td>
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<td>M2 Sibling Sample (635)</td>
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<td>7.80</td>
<td>1.14</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source(s):

increasing control and life satisfaction in adulthood. Psychology and Aging, 16, 2, 206-216.

Studies using the scales:

C. Kessler (Eds.), How healthy are we?: A national study of well-being at midlife. (pp. 252 -

Note:

- In Fleeson’s study (2004), three additional domains of life satisfaction – finance, sexuality, and
contributions to others – were included in the analysis.
HEALTH LOCUS OF CONTROL

Scales/Items:
Health Locus of Control - Self [B1SHLOCS] (M1 scale name: A1SHLOCS):
   Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Question A8 (a – d)
   a. “Keeping healthy depends on things that I can do”
   b. “There are certain things I can do for myself to reduce the risk of a heart attack”
   c. “There are certain things I can do for myself to reduce the risk of getting cancer”
   d. “I work hard at trying to stay healthy”

Health Locus of Control - Others [B1SHLOC0] (M1 scale name: A1SHLOC0):
   Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Question A8 (e – f)
   e. “When I am sick, getting better is in the doctor’s hand”
   f. “It is difficult for me to get good medical care”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little Agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree;
   5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the mean across each set of items. Items were recoded
   so that higher scores reflect higher levels of positive/negative affect.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the
   particular scale. The scale scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item for the scales, and
coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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<th>Health Locus of Control – Self [B1SHLOCS]</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>M2 Main RDD Sample (1792)</td>
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<td>M2 Twin Sample (1198)</td>
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<td>M2 Sibling Sample (633)</td>
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<th>Health Locus of Control – Other [B1SHLOC0]</th>
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<tr>
<td>Sample (N)</td>
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<td>M2 Main RDD Sample (1792)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Source(s):</td>
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</table>

**Studies using the scales:**
SOMATIC AMPLIFICATION SCALE

Scales/Items:
Somatic Amplification Scale [B1SAMPLI] (M1 scale name: A1SAMPLI):

Items: 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Question A9 (a – e)

a. “I am often aware of various things happening within my body”
b. “Sudden loud noises really bother me”
c. “I hate to be too hot or too cold”
d. “I am quick to sense hunger contractions in my stomach”
e. “I have a low tolerance for pain”

Coding: 1 Not at all true; 2 A little bit true; 3 Moderately true; 4 Extremely true

Scaling: [B1SAMPLI] is constructed by calculating the mean of the items. Higher scores indicate greater levels of amplification.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with for valid item for the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample (N)</th>
<th>Alpha</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Std. dev</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>.53</td>
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<tr>
<td>M2 Main RDD Sample (1794)</td>
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<td>M2 Twin Sample (1199)</td>
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<td>.52</td>
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<tr>
<td>M2 Sibling Sample (631)</td>
<td>.57</td>
<td>2.38</td>
<td>.53</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Source(s):

Studies using the scales:

POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE AFFECT

Scales/Items:

Negative Affect [B1SNEGAF] (M1 scale name: A1SNEGAF):

**Items:** 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 24 (a - f)  
(During the past 30 days, how much of the time did you feel…)

a. “so sad nothing could cheer you up?”

b. “nervous?”

c. “restless or fidgety?”

d. “hopeless?”

e. “that everything was an effort?”

f. “worthless?”

PANAS Negative adjectives [B1SNEGPA] (new at MIDUS 2):

**Items:** 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 24 (h - l)  
(During the past 30 days, how much of the time did you feel…)

h. “afraid?”

i. “jittery?”

j. “irritable?”

k. “ashamed?”

l. “upset?”

Positive Affect [B1SPOSAF] (M1 scale name: A1SPOSAF):

**Items:** 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 26 (a - f)  
(During the past 30 days, how much of the time did you feel…)

a. “cheerful?”

b. “in good spirits?”

c. “extremely happy?”

d. “calm and peaceful?”

e. “satisfied?”

f. “full of life?”

PANAS Positive adjectives [B1SPOSPA] (new at MIDUS 2):

**Items:** 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 26 (i - l)  
(During the past 30 days, how much of the time did you feel…)}
i. “enthusiastic?”
j. “attentive?”
k. “proud?”
l. “active?”

Coding: 1 All of the time; 2 Most of the time; 3 Some of the time; 4 A little of the time; 5 none of the time.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the mean across each set of items. Items were recoded so that higher scores reflect higher levels of positive/negative affect.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

### Negative Affect [B1SNEGAF]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample (N)</th>
<th>Alpha</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Std. dev</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M2 Total Sample (3992)</td>
<td>.85</td>
<td>1.51</td>
<td>.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M2 Main RDD Sample (1785)</td>
<td>.85</td>
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### PANAS Negative adjectives [B1SNEGPA]

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### PANAS Positive adjectives [B1SPOSPA]

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**Source(s):**

**Additional References:**
- The Affect Balance Scale.

- The General Well-Being Schedule.

- The Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale.

- The University of Michigan’s Composite International Diagnostic Interview.

- The Health Opinion Survey.

- The Manifest Anxiety Scale.

**Studies using the scales:**


Relationships, 17, 5-30.
PERSONALITY IN INTELLECTUAL AGING CONTEXTS (PIC) SCALE

Scales/Items:
Personality in Intellectual Aging Contexts scale [B1SINTAG] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 9 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Question A34 (a – i)

a. “If I forget my friend’s zip code, I’d be able to learn it again.” (R)
b. “It’s evitable that my intellectual functioning will decline as I get older.”
c. “I would have to ask a sales person to figure out how much I’d save with a 20% discount.”
d. “The older I get the harder it is to think clearly.”
e. “As long as I exercise my mind I will always be on top of things.” (R)
f. “My mental acuity (sharpness) is bound to decline.”
g. “I can understand instructions only after someone explains them to me.”
h. “I don’t remember things as well as I used to.”
i. “There’s not much I can do to keep my memory from going down hill.”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little Agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree;
5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: [B1SINTAG] is constructed by calculating the mean of the items. Items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that have at least five items with valid value on the particular scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than five valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

Personality in Intellectual Aging Contexts scale [B1SINTAG]:

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Source(s):
Lachman, M. E. (1986), Locus of control in aging research: A case for multidimensional and domain
PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING (MIDUS 1 VERSION)

Scales/Items:

Autonomy [B1SPWBA1] (M1 scale name: A1SPWBA):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (m, s, kk)

m. “I tend to be influenced by people with strong opinions.”

s*. “I have confidence in my opinions, even if they are contrary to the general consensus.” (R)

kk. “I judge myself by what I think is important, not by the values of what others think is important.” (R)

* In MIDUS 1, the wording of this item is slightly different

“I have confidence in my own opinions, even if they are different from the way most other people think.”

Environmental Mastery [B1SPWBE1] (M1 scale name: A1SPWBE):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (b, h, t,)

b. “In general, I feel I am in charge of the situation in which I live.” (R)

h. “The demands of everyday life often get me down.”

t. “I am quite good at managing the many responsibilities of my daily life.” (R)

Personal Growth [B1SPWBG1] (M1 scale name: A1SPWBPG):

Items: 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (i, aa, gg)

i. “I think it is important to have new experiences that challenge how you think about yourself and the world.” (R)

aa. “For me, life has been a continuous process of learning, changing, and growth.” (R)

gg. “I gave up trying to make big improvements or changes in my life a long time ago.”

Positive Relations with Others [B1SPWBR1] (M1 scale name: A1SPWBR):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (j, bb, hh)

j. “Maintaining close relationships has been difficult and frustrating for me.”

bb. “People would describe me as a giving person, willing to share my time with others.” (R)

hh. “I have not experienced many warm and trusting relationships with others.”

Purpose in Life [B1SPWBU1] (M1 scale name: A1SPWBU):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (e, oo, qq)
e. “I live life one day at a time and don't really think about the future.”

oo. “Some people wander aimlessly through life, but I am not one of them.” (R)

qq. “I sometimes feel as if I've done all there is to do in life.”

Self-Acceptance [B1SPWBS1] (M1 scale name: A1SPWBS):

- **Items:** 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (f, x, dd)
  - f. “When I look at the story of my life, I am pleased with how things have turned out.” (R)
  - x. “I like most parts of my personality.” (R)
  - dd. “In many ways I feel disappointed about my achievements in life.”

**Coding:** 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little Agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree;
5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

**Scaling:** Psychological well-being scales are constructed by calculating the sum of each set of items.

Items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the particular scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Autonomy [B1SPWBA1]:**

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**Environmental Mastery [B1SPWBE1]:**

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**Personal Growth [B1SPWBG1]:**

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**Positive Relations with Others [B1SPWBR1]:**

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**Purpose in Life [B1SPWBU1]:**

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**Self-Acceptance [B1SPWBS1]:**

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**Source(s):**


**Additional References:**


**Studies using the scales:**


used Chicago and New York oversample of Hispanic population.


Notes:
- The six dimensions of psychological well-being were generated from the multiple theoretical accounts of positive functioning. In the initial validation study (Ryff, 1989), each dimension was operationalized with a 20-item scale (that showed high internal consistency and test-retest reliability as well as convergent and discriminant validity with other measures).
PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING (MIDUS 2 version)

**Scales/Items:** (bold items – newly added to MIDUS 2)

**Autonomy [B1SPWBA2] (new at MIDUS 2):**

**Items:** 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (a, g, m, s, y, ee, kk)

- **a.** “I am not afraid to voice my opinions, even when they are in opposition to the opinions of most people.” (R)

- **g.** “My decisions are not usually influenced by what everyone else is doing.” (R)

- **m.** “I tend to be influenced by people with strong opinions.”

- **s**. “I have confidence in my opinions, even if they are contrary to the general consensus.” (R)

- **y.** “It’s difficult for me to voice my own opinions on controversial matters.”

- **ee.** “I tend to worry about what other people think of me.”

- **kk.** “I judge myself by what I think is important, not by the values of what others think is important.” (R)

* In MIDUS 1, the wording of this item is slightly different

  “I have confidence in my own opinions, even if they are different from the way most other people think.”

**Environmental Mastery [B1SPWBE2] (new at MIDUS 2):**

**Items:** 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (b, h, n, t, z, ff, ll)

- **b.** “In general, I feel I am in charge of the situation in which I live.” (R)

- **h.** “The demands of everyday life often get me down.”

- **n.** “I do not fit very well with the people and the community around me.”

- **t.** “I am quite good at managing the many responsibilities of my daily life.” (R)

- **z.** “I often feel overwhelmed by my responsibilities.”

- **ff.** “I have difficulty arranging my life in a way that is satisfying to me.”

- **ll.** “I have been able to build a living environment and a lifestyle for myself that is much to my liking.” (R)

**Personal Growth [B1SPWBG2] (new at MIDUS 2):**

**Items:** 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (c, i, o, u, aa, gg, mm)

- **c.** “I am not interested in activities that will expand my horizons.”

- **i.** “I think it is important to have new experiences that challenge how you think about yourself and the world.” (R)
o. “When I think about it, I haven’t really improved much as a person over the years.”
u. “I have the sense that I have developed a lot as a person over time.” (R)
aa. “For me, life has been a continuous process of learning, changing, and growth.” (R)
gg. “I gave up trying to make big improvements or changes in my life a long time ago.”
mm. “I do not enjoy being in new situations that require me to change my old familiar ways of doing things.”

Positive Relations with Others [B1SPWBR2] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (d, j, p, v, bb, hh, nn)
d. “Most people see me as loving and affectionate.” (R)
j. “Maintaining close relationships has been difficult and frustrating for me.”
p. “I often feel lonely because I have few close friends with whom to share my concerns.”
v. “I enjoy personal and mutual conversations with family members and friends.” (R)
bb. “People would describe me as a giving person, willing to share my time with others.” (R)

hh. “I have not experienced many warm and trusting relationships with others.”
nn. “I know that I can trust my friends, and they know they can trust me.” (R)

Purpose in Life [B1SPWBU2] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (e, k, q, w, cc, oo, qq)
e. “I live life one day at a time and don't really think about the future.”
k. “I have a sense of direction and purpose in life.” (R)
q. “I don’t have a good sense of what it is I’m trying to accomplish in life.”
w. “My daily activities often seem trivial and unimportant to me.”
cc. “I enjoy making plans for the future and working to make them a reality.” (R)

oo. “Some people wander aimlessly through life, but I am not one of them.” (R)
qq. “I sometimes feel as if I’ve done all there is to do in life.”

* Note (10-10-06). The original M2 Purpose in Life scale was created using 8 items. In order to make this scale comparable to the other related M2 PWB scales (all of which use 7 items), one item needed to be removed from the 8-item Purpose in Life scale. Based on item-to-scale reliability coefficients as well as factor analysis of the items, Core determined that the item B1SE111 (“I am an active person in carrying out the plans I set for myself”) should be removed when computing the 7-item Purpose in Life score.
Self-Acceptance [B1SPWBS2] (new at MIDUS 2):

**Items:** 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 1 (f, l, r, x, dd, jj, pp)

- **f.** “When I look at the story of my life, I am pleased with how things have turned out.” (R)
- **l.** “In general, I feel confident and positive about myself.” (R)
- **r.** “I feel like many of the people I know have gotten more out of life than I have.”
- **x.** “I like most parts of my personality.” (R)
- **dd.** “In many ways I feel disappointed about my achievements in life.”
- **jj.** “My attitude about myself is probably not as positive as most people feel about themselves.”
- **pp.** “When I compare myself to friends and acquaintances, it makes me feel good about who I am.” (R)

**Coding:** 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little Agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree; 5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

**Scaling:** Psychological well-being scales were constructed by calculating the sum of each set of items. Items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have at least four items with valid value on the particular scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than four valid items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

### Autonomy [B1SPWBA2]:

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### Environmental Mastery [B1SPWBE2]:

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### Personal Growth [B1SPWBG2]:

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### Positive Relations with Others [B1SPWBRR2]:

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### Purpose in Life [B1SPWBU2]:

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### Self-Acceptance [B1SPWBS2]:

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SENSE OF CONTROL

Scales/Items:

Personal Mastery [B1SMASTE] (M1 scale name: A1SMASTE):

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 4 (c, f, h, l)

c. “I can do just about anything I really set my mind to.”
f. “When I really want to do something, I usually find a way to succeed at it.”
h. “Whether or not I am able to get what I want is in my own hands.”
l. “What happens to me in the future mostly depends on me.”

Perceived Constraints [B1SCONST] (M1 scale name: A1SCONST):

Items: 8 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 4 (a, b, d, e, g, i, j, k)
a. “There is little I can do to change the important things in my life.”
b. “I often feel helpless in dealing with the problems of life.”
d. “Other people determine most of what I can and cannot do.”
e. “What happens in my life is often beyond my control.”
g. “There are many things that interfere with what I want to do.”
i. “I have little control over the things that happen to me.”
j. “There is really no way I can solve the problems I have.”
k. “I sometimes feel I am being pushed around in my life.”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree; 5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the mean across each set of items. Items were recoded so that high scores reflect higher standing in each dimension.

Perceived Control [B1SCTRL] (M1 scale name: A1SACTRL):

Items: 12-item scale combining the 4 “personal mastery” items and the 8 “perceived constraints” items.

Scaling: [B1SCTRL] is constructed by calculating the mean of the 12 items. Items from “personal mastery” were reverse-coded so that higher scores represent higher levels of the overall perceived control.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items.
on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the
items on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Personal Mastery [B1SMASTE]:**

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**Perceived Constraints [B1SCONST]:**

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**Perceived Control (combined scale) [B1SCTRL]:**

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<td>.95</td>
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</table>

**Source(s):**

Lachman, M. E., & Weaver, S. L. (1998a). The sense of control as a moderator of social class

**Additional References:**


**Studies using the scales:**


**Notes:**

- The mastery items consist of 2 items (h, and l) from Pearlin and Schooler’s (1978) Mastery Scale, and 2 items (c, and f) created by Lachman and Weaver (1998).
- The perceived constraints scale consists of 5 items (a, b, i, j, and k) from Pearlin and Schooler’s Mastery Scale, and 3 items (d, e, and g) created by Lachman and Weaver (1998).
- The sense of control was operationalized with two dimensions: personal mastery and perceived constraints. Personal mastery refers to one’s sense of efficacy or effectiveness in carrying out goals. Perceived constraints indicates to what extent one believes there are obstacles or factors beyond one’s control that interfere with reaching goals. These dimensions are consistent with Skinner’s (1996) two-fold conceptualization of control as comprised of competence and contingency. Some researchers have advocated the use of domain-specific measures of control to maximize the likelihood of finding relationships in a given domain (e.g., Bandura, 1997; Lachman, 1986), however, because there were multiple domains in the study (health and psychological well-being), the use of generalized control measures was deemed more appropriate. Moreover, if the relationships with health and well-being were found by using the generalized measures, this would be even more compelling than with domain-specific measures.
SELF-ESTEEM

Scales/Items:

Self-Esteem [B1SESTEE] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 4 (m - s)

m. “I am no better and no worse than others.”

n. “I take a positive attitude toward myself.” (R)

o. “At times I feel that I am no good at all.”

p. “I am able to do things as well as most people.” (R)

q. “I wish I could have more respect for myself.”

r. “On the whole, I am satisfied with myself.” (R)

s. “I certainly feel useless at times.”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree;
5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: [B1SESTEE] is constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items in each
scale. Items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher
standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed
items is imputed.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least four items on
the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than five valid items on
the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

Self-Esteem [B1SESTEE]:

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Source(s):

SELF-CONSTRUAL SCALE

Scales/Items:

Interdependence [B1SINTER] (new at MIDUS 2):
- Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 4 (v, w, y)
  - v. “My happiness depends on the happiness of those around me.”
  - w. “I often have the feeling that my relationships with others are more important than my own accomplishments.”
  - y. “It is important to listen to others’ opinions.” (added at MIDUS 2)

Independence [B1SINDEP] (new at MIDUS 2):
- Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 4 (t, u, x)
  - t. “I act in the same way no matter who I am with.”
  - u. “I enjoy being unique and different from others in many respects.”
  - x. “Being able to take care of myself is a primary concern for me.”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree; 5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: The scales are constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items in each scale. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have at least two items with valid value on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than two valid items on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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Source(s):

PERSONALITY TRAITS

**Scales/Items:**

Respondents were asked how much each of 31 self-descriptive adjectives described them (Section E, Question 6, a - ee). The adjectives measure six personality traits as follows:

**Neuroticism [B1SNEURO] (M1 scale name: A1SNEURO):**
- 4 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 6 (c, h, m, s)
- Adjectives: Moody, Worrying, Nervous, Calm (R)

**Extraversion [B1SEXTRA] (M1 scale name: A1SEXTRA):**
- 5 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 6 (a, f, k, w, aa)
- Adjectives: Outgoing, Friendly, Lively, Active, Talkative

**Openness to Experience [B1SOPEN] (M1 scale name: A1SOPEN):**
- 7 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 6 (n, q, u, v, y, bb, cc)
- Adjectives: Creative, Imaginative, Intelligent, Curious, Broad-minded, Sophisticated, Adventurous

**Conscientiousness [B1SCONS1] (M1 scale name: A1SCONS):**
- 4 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 6 (d, i, p, x)
- Adjectives: Organized, Responsible, Hardworking, Careless (R),

**Conscientiousness [B1SCONS2] (MIDUS 2 Scale):**
- 5 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 6 (d, i, p, x, ee)
- Adjectives: Organized, Responsible, Hardworking, Careless (R), **Thorough (added at MIDUS 2)**

**Agreeableness (communion) [B1SAGREE] (M1 scale name: A1SAGREE):**
- 5 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 6 (b, g, l, r, z)
- Adjectives: Helpful, Warm, Caring, Softhearted, Sympathetic

**Agency [B1SAGENC] (M1 scale name: A1SAGENC):**
- 5 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 6 (e, j, o, t, dd)
- Adjectives: Self-confident, Forceful, Assertive, Outspoken, Dominant,

**Coding:** 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.
Scaling: Personality traits scales are constructed by calculating the **mean** across each set of items. All items except ones marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standings in each dimension.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for **at least half** of the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:** (based on the MIDUS-1 RDD sample)

### Neuroticism [B1SNEURO]:

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### Extraversion [B1SEXTRA]:

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### Openness to Experience [B1SOPEN]:

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### Conscientiousness [B1SCONS1]:

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Agreeableness [B1SAGREE]:

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Agency [B1SAGENC]:

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Source(s):


Ch. 7. Developmental Roots of Adult Social Responsibility.

Studies using the scales:


Additional References:


Notes:

- Adjectives were selected from existing trait lists and inventories (Bem, 1981; Goldberg, 1992; John, 1990; Trapness & Wiggins, 1990). Also, some items were generated by Margie Lachman and Alice Rossi.
- A Pilot Study was conducted in 1994 with a probability sample of 1000 men and women, age 30-70 (574 valid cases were usable for item analysis). Items with the highest item to total correlations and
factor loadings were selected for MIDI. Forward regressions were also run to determine the smallest number of items needed to account for over 90% of the total scale variance. Many of the negatively worded items (unemotional, unreliable, unsophisticated, unsympathetic, shy, unsociable) were dropped due to low variance. New items were added to increase reliabilities on some scales.
MULTIDIMENSIONAL PERSONALITY QUESTIONNAIRE

Scales/Items

POSITIVE EMOTIONALITY

Well-being [B1SMPQWB] (new at MIDUS 2):
items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (q, aa, gg).
q. “I usually find ways to liven up my day.”
aa. “For me life is a great adventure.”
ww. “I always seem to have something pleasant to look forward to.”

Social Potency [B1SMPQSP] (new at MIDUS 2):
items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (e, j, n, dd)
e. “On most social occasions I like to have someone else take the lead.” (R)
j. “I am quite effective at talking people into things.”
n. “I am very good at influencing people.”
dd. “When it is time to make decisions, others usually turn to me.”

Achievement [B1SMPQAC] (new at MIDUS 2):
items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (l, o, r, ff)
l. “I often go on working on a problem long after others would have given up.”
o. “I like to try difficult things.”
r. “I like hard work.”
ff. “I set very high standards for myself in my work.”

Social Closeness [B1SMPQSC] (new at MIDUS 2):
items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (a, c, h, cc).
a. “I usually like to spend my leisure time with friends rather than alone.”
c. “When I am unhappy about something, I tend to seek the company of a friend rather than remaining alone.”
h. “I am a warm person rather than cool and detached.”
cc. “I often prefer not to have people around me.” (R)

NEGATIVE EMOTIONALITY

Stress Reactivity [B1SMPQSR] (new at MIDUS 2):
items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (k, w, x).
k. “My mood often goes up and down.”
w. “I sometimes get very upset and tense as I think about the day’s events”
x. “Minor setbacks sometimes irritate me too much.”

Aggression [B1SMPQAG] (new at MIDUS 2):

   items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (i, t, bb, ee).
   i. “When I get angry I am often ready to hit someone.”
   t. “Sometimes I seem to enjoy hurting someone by saying something mean.”
   bb. “When people insult me, I try to get even.”
   ee. “Sometimes I just like to hit someone.”

Alienation [B1SMPQAL] (new at MIDUS 2):

   items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (g, p, s).
   g. “People often try to take advantage of me.”
   p. “I would be more successful if people did not make things difficult for me.”
   s. “People often say mean things about me.”

CONSTRAINT

Control [B1SMPQCN] (new at MIDUS 2):

   items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (b, f, y).
   b. “When faced with a decision, I usually take time to consider and weigh all options.”
   f. “I like to stop and think things over before I do them.”
   y. “I am a cautious person.”

Traditionalism [B1SMPQTR] (new at MIDUS 2):

   items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (m, u, z).
   m. “I am opposed to more censorship of books and movies because it would go against free speech.” (R)
   u. “People should observe moral laws more strictly than they do.”
   z. “I don't like to see religious authority overturned by so-called progress and logical reasoning.”

Harm Avoidance [B1SMPQHA] (new at MIDUS 2):

   items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 7 (d, v, E8, E9).
d. “It might be fun and exciting to experience an earthquake.” (R)
v. “It might be fun learning to walk a tightrope.” (R)

E8. Of these two situations, I would dislike more:
- Situation 1: Riding a long stretch of rapids in a canoe.
- Situation 2: Waiting for someone who's late..

E9. Of these two situations, I would dislike more:
- Situation 1: Being at the circus when two lions suddenly get loose down in the ring
- Situation 2: Bringing my whole family to the circus and then not being able to get in because a clerk sold me tickets for the wrong night.

**Coding:** 1 True of you; 2 Somewhat true; 3 Somewhat false; 4 False.
* For E8 and E9,
  1 Definitely dislike Situation 2; 2 Somewhat dislike Situation 2;
  3 Somewhat dislike Situation 1; 4 Definitely dislike Situation 1;

**Scaling:** All scales are constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items. All items except ones marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in each dimension. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

### Well-being [B1SMPQWB]:

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### Social Potency [B1SMPQSP]:

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**Source(s):**

**Additional References:**
LIFE ORIENTATION TEST

**Scales/Items:**

**Optimism [B1SOPTIM] (new at MIDUS 2):**

*Items:* 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 10 (a, c, f)

- a. “In uncertain times, I usually expect the best.”
- c. “I’m always optimistic about my future.”
- f. “I expect more good things to happen to me than bad.”

**Pessimism [B1SPESSI] (new at MIDUS 2):**

*Items:* 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 10 (b, d, e)

- b. “If something can go wrong for me, it will.”
- d. “I hardly ever expect things to go my way.”
- e. “I rarely count on good things happening to me.”

**Coding:** 1 A lot agree; 2 A little agree; 3 Neither agree or disagree; 4 A little disagree; 5 A lot disagree.

**Scaling:** The scales are constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items in each scale. Items are reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** Scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least two items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than two items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Optimism Overall [B1SORIEN] (new at MIDUS 2):**

*Items:* 6-item scale combining the 3 “optimism” items and the 3 “pessimism” items.

**Scaling:** [B1SORIEN] is constructed by calculating the sum of the 6 items. Items from “Optimism” were reverse-coded so that higher scores represent higher levels of optimism. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scale is computed for cases that have valid values for at least three items on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than three items on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”
Psychometrics:

**Optimism [B1SOPTIM]:**

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**Pessimism [B1SPESSI]:**

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**Optimism Overall [B1SORIEN]:**

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**Source(s):**


PRIMARY AND SECONDARY CONTROL (MIDUS 1 scales)

Scales/Items:
Primary Control (Persistence in Goal Striving) [B1SPERSIS] (M1 scale name: A1SPERSIS):
- Items: 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (a, b, g, j, k)
  a. “When things don’t go according to my plans, my motto is, ‘Where there’s a will, there’s a way’.”
  b. “When faced with a bad situation, I do what I can do to change it for the better.”
  g. “Even when I feel I have too much to do, I find a way to get it all done.”
  j. “When I encounter problems, I don’t give up until I solve them.”
  k. “I rarely give up on something I am doing, even when things get tough.”

Secondary Control (Positive Reappraisals) [B1SREAPP] (M1 scale name: A1SREAPP):
- Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (e, h, m, n)
  e. “I find I usually learn something meaningful from a difficult situation.”
  h. “When I am faced with a bad situation, it helps to find a different way of looking at things.”
  m. “Even when everything seems to be going wrong, I can usually find a bright side to the situation.”
  n. “I can find something positive, even in the worst situations.”

Secondary Control (Lowering Aspirations) [B1SCHANG] (M1 scale name: A1SCHANG):
- Items: 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (c, d, f, i, l)
  c. “When my expectations are not being met, I lower my expectations.”
  d. “To avoid disappointments, I don’t set my goals too high.”
  f. “I feel relieved when I let go of some of my responsibilities.”
  i. “I often remind myself that I can’t do everything.”
  l. “When I can’t get what I want, I assume my goals must be unrealistic.”

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

Scaling: The scales are constructed by calculating the mean across each set of items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in each dimension.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items.
on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

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**Source(s):**

PRIMARY AND SECONDARY CONTROL (MIDUS 2 scales)

Scales/Items:

Selective Primary Control [B1SSPCTR] (new at MIDUS 2):

*Items: 5 items* - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (a, b, g, j, k)

a. “When things don’t go according to my plans, my motto is, ‘Where there’s a will, there’s a way.’”

b. “When faced with a bad situation, I do what I can do to change it for the better.”

g. “Even when I feel I have too much to do, I find a way to get it all done.”

j. “When I encounter problems, I don’t give up until I solve them.”

k. “I rarely give up on something I am doing, even when things get tough.”

Compensatory Primary Control [B1SCPCTR] (new at MIDUS 2):

*Items: 5 items* - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (y, z, bb, ff, jj)

y. “I don’t like to ask others for help unless I have to.” (R)

z. “Asking others for help comes naturally for me.”

bb. “When I cannot solve a problem by myself, I ask others for help.”

ff. “When obstacles get in my way, I try to get help from others.”

jj. “When difficulties become too great I ask others for advice.”

Selective Secondary Control [B1SSSCTR] (new at MIDUS 2):

*Items: 3 items* - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (aa, ee, ii)

aa. “When I have decided on a goal, I always keep in mind its benefits.”

ee. “When I have decided on something, I avoid anything that could distract me.”

ii. “For goals that are difficult to achieve, I keep in mind how good I will feel when I have reached them.”

Compensatory Secondary Control – Disengagement [B1SCSCDE] (new at MIDUS 2):

*Items: 6 items* - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (i, l, cc, gg, hh, kk)

i. “I often remind myself that I can’t do everything.”

l. “When I can’t get what I want, I assume my goals must be unrealistic.”

cc. “When it turns out that I cannot attain a goal in any way, I let go of it.”

gg. “I stop thinking about a goal that has become unattainable and let it go.”

hh. “When something I wanted did not work out, I try not to think about it too much.”
kk. “If I cannot attain a goal in my life, I think about other new goals to pursue.”

Compensatory Secondary Control – Self Protection [B1SCSCSP] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (e, h, m, n, dd)
- e. “I find I usually learn something meaningful from a difficult situation.”
- h. “When I am faced with a bad situation, it helps to find a different way of looking at things.”
- m. “Even when everything seems to be going wrong, I can usually find a bright side to the situation.”
- n. “I can find something positive, even in the worst situations.”
- dd. “When I find it impossible to attain a goal, I try not to blame myself.”

Compensatory Secondary Control – Adjustment of Goals [B1SCSCAG] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section E, Question 12 (c, d, f)
- c. “When my expectations are not being met, I lower my expectations.”
- d. “To avoid disappointments, I don’t set my goals too high.”
- f. “I feel relieved when I let go of some of my responsibilities.”

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items in each scale. All items except ones marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in each dimension.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

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### Selective Secondary Control [B1SSSCTR]:

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### Compensatory Secondary Control – Self Protection [B1SCSCSP]:

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### Compensatory Secondary Control – Adjustment of Goals [B1SCSCAG]:

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**Source(s):**


Institute for Human Development and Education, Berlin.
PLANNING AND MAKING SENSE OF PAST

Scales/Items

Self Directedness and Planning [B1SDIREC] (M1 scale name: A1SDIREC):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 12 (o, p, r)
  o. “I like to make plans for the future.”
  p. “I know what I want out of life.”
  r. “I find it helpful to set goals for the near future.”

Live for Today [B1STODAY] (M1 scale name: A1STODAY *):

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 12 (q, s, u, x)
  q. “I live one day at a time.”
  s. “I have too many things to think about today to think about tomorrow.”
  u. “There is no use in thinking about the past because there is nothing you can do about it.”
  x. “I believe there is no sense planning too far ahead because so many things can change.”

* The item of “I have too many things to think about today to think about yesterday.” was dropped from the MIDUS 1 study.

Insight into Past [B1SINSGH] (M1 scale name: A1SINSGH *):

Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 12 (t, v)
  t. “Making sense of my past helps me figure out what to do in the present.”
  v. “After something bad happens, I think about how I could have prevented it.”

* The items of “I try to make sense of things that have happened to me.” and “I have had new insights into the way things have turned out.” were dropped from the MIDUS 1 study.

Foresight and Anticipation [B1SFORSG]:

Items: 1 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 12 (w)
  w. “I am good at figuring out how things will turn out.”

* The following items were dropped from the MIDUS 1 study.
  r. “I can head off a bad situation before it happens.”
  s. “I can sense when an opportunity is coming my way.”
  z. “I am good at predicting what is going to happen to me.”
Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items in each scale. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

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Source(s):

SEEKING SOCIAL SUPPORT

Scales/Items

Self-Sufficiency [B1SSUFFI] (M1 scale name: A1SSUFFI*):

* The Time 2 Self-Sufficiency scale has 2 fewer items, removed at Time 2 to make room for items related to Primary and Secondary Control.

Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 12 (y, z).

y. “I don’t like to ask others for help unless I have to.” (R)

z. “Asking others for help comes naturally for me.”

Coding: 1 A lot, 2 Some, 3 A little, 4 Not at all

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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Source(s):

Lachman, M. E., & Weaver, S. L.
COPING

Scales/Items

Positive Reinterpretation and Growth [B1SREINT] (new at MIDUS 2):

- **Items**: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 13 (a, h, o, u).
  - a. “I try to grow as a person as a result of the experience.”
  - h. “I try to see it in a different light, to make it seem more positive.”
  - o. “I look for something good in what is happening.”
  - u. “I learn something from the experience.”

Active Coping [B1SACTIV] (new at MIDUS 2):

- **Items**: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 13 (b, i, p, v).
  - b. “I concentrate my efforts on doing something about it.”
  - i. “I take additional action to try to get rid of the problem.”
  - p. “I take direct action to get around the problem.”
  - v. “I do what has to be done, one step at a time.”

Planning [B1SPLAN] (new at MIDUS 2):

- **Items**: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 13 (c, j, q, w).
  - c. “I make a plan of action.”
  - j. “I try to come up with a strategy about what to do.”
  - q. “I think about how I might best handle the problem.”
  - w. “I think hard about what steps to take.”

Focus on and Venting of Emotion [B1SVENT] (new at MIDUS 2):

- **Items**: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 13 (d, k, r, x).
  - d. “I get upset and let my emotions out.”
  - k. “I get upset, and am really aware of it.”
  - r. “I let my feelings out.”
  - x. “I feel a lot of emotional distress and find myself expressing those feelings a lot.”

Denial [B1SDENIA] (new at MIDUS 2):

- **Items**: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 13 (e, l, s, y).
  - e. “I say to myself “this isn’t real”.”
  - l. “I refuse to believe that it has happened.”
s. “I pretend that it hasn’t really happened.”
y. “I act as though it hasn’t even happened.”

Behavioral Disengagement [B1SDISEN] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 13 (f, m, t, z).
f. “I admit to myself that I can’t deal with it, and quit trying.”
m. “I give up trying to reach my goal.”
t. “I give up the attempt to get what I want.”
z. “I reduce the amount of effort I’m putting into solving the problem.”

Using Food to Cope [B1SFDCOP] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Questions 13 (g, n).
g. “I eat more than I usually do.”
n. “I eat more of my favorite foods to make myself feel better.”

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 A medium amount; 3 Only a little; 4 Not at all

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items in each scale. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

Problem Focused Coping (COPE combined scale) [B1SPRCOP] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 12-item scale combining “Positive Reinterpretation and Growth,” “Active Coping,” and “Planning.”

Scaling: Scale score is constructed by calculating the sum of the 12 items. Items were reverse-coded so that higher scores represent higher levels of problem focused coping. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

Emotion Focused Coping (COPE combined scale) [B1SEMCOP] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 12-item scale combining “Focus on and venting of emotion,” “Denial,” and “Behavioral disengagement.”

Scaling: Scale score is constructed by calculating the sum of the 12 items. Items were reverse-coded so that higher scores represent higher levels of emotion focused coping. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.
**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Positive Reinterpretation and Growth [B1SREINT]:**

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**Active Coping [B1SACTIV]:**

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**Focus on and Venting of Emotion [B1SVENT]:**

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**Denial [B1SDENIA]:**

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**Behavioral Disengagement [B1SDISEN]:**

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Using Food to Cope [B1SFDCOP]:

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Problem Focused Coping (COPE combined scale) [B1SPRCOP]:

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Emotion Focused Coping (COPE combined scale) [B1SEMCOP]:

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Source(s):


Note:

Of the original 15 subscales of the COPE Inventory (Carver, Scheier, & Weintraub 1989), 6 subscales are included in MIDUS 2. Other subscales were dropped because (1) they overlapped with other measures in MIDUS II (e.g., religious coping or substance use), or (2) they had low internal consistency (e.g., mental disengagement).
WORK TO FAMILY AND FAMILY TO WORK SPILLOVER

Scales/Items:

Positive Work to Family Spillover [B1SPOSWF] (M1 scale name: A1SPOSWF):

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section F, Question 27 (e-h)

   e. “The things you do at work help you deal with personal and practical issues at home?”
   f. “The things you do at work make you a more interesting person at home.”
   g. “Having a good day on your job makes you a better companion when you get home.”
   h. “The skills you use on your job are useful for things you have to do at home.”

Negative Work to Family Spillover [B1SNEGWF] (M1 scale name: A1SNEGWF):

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section F, Question 27 (a-d)

   a. “Your job reduces the effort you can give to activities at home.”
   b. “Stress at work makes you irritable at home.”
   c. “Your job makes you feel too tired to do the things that need attention at home.”
   d. “Job worries or problems distract you when you are at home.”

Positive Family to Work Spillover [B1SPOSFW] (M1 scale name: A1SPOSFW):

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section I, Question 27 (m-p)

   m. “Talking with someone at home helps you deal with problems at work.”
   n. “Providing for what is needed at home makes you work harder at your job.”
   o. “The love and respect you get at home makes you feel confident about yourself at work.”
   p. “Your home life helps you relax and feel ready for the next day’s work.”

Negative Family to Work Spillover [B1SNEGFW] (M1 scale name: A1SNEGFW):

Items: 4 items; Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section I, Question 27 (i-l)

   i. “Responsibilities at home reduce the effort you can devote to your job.”
   j. “Personal or family worries and problems distract you when you are at work.”
   k. “Activities and chores at home prevent you from getting the amount of sleep you need to do your job well.”
   l. “Stress at home makes you irritable at work.”

Coding: 1 All of the time; 2 Most of the time; 3 Sometimes; 4 Rarely; 5 Never.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items in each scale. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a
missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for **at least half of** the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Positive Work to Family Spillover [B1SPOSWF]:**

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**Negative Work to Family Spillover [B1SNEGWF]:**

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**Positive Family to Work Spillover [B1SPOSFW]:**

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**Negative Family to Work Spillover [B1SNEGFW]:**

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**Source(s):**

**Studies using the scales:**


perspective on the correlates of positive and negative spillover between work and family. 
JOB CHARACTERISTICS

Scales/Items:

Skill Discretion [B1SJCSD] (M1 scale name: A1SJCSD):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section F, Question 28 (b, c, i).
   b. “How often do you learn new things at work?”
   c. “How often does your work demand a high level of skill or expertise?”
   i. “How often does your job provide you with a variety of things that interest you?”

Decision Authority [B1SJCDA] (M1 scale name: A1SJCDA):

Items: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section F, Question 28 (d, e, f, g, h) and Question 29 (b).
   d. “On your job, how often do you have to initiate things -- such as coming up with your own ideas, or figuring out on your own what needs to be done?”
   e. “How often do you have a choice in deciding how you do your tasks at work?”
   f. “How often do you have a choice in deciding what tasks you do at work?”
   g. “How often do you have a say in decisions about your work?”
   h. “How often do you have a say in planning your work environment -- that is, how your workplace is arranged or how things are organized?”
F29b. “(How often) you control the amount of time you spend on tasks.”

Demands Scale [B1SJCDS] (M1 scale name: A1SJCDS):

Items: 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section F, Question 28 (a, j) and Question 29 (a, c, d).
F28a. “How often do you have to work very intensively -- that is, you are very busy trying to get things done?”
F28j. “How often do different people or groups at work demand things from you that you think are hard to combine?”
F29a. “(How often) you have too many demands made on you.”
F29c. “(How often) you have enough time to get everything done.” (R)
F29d. “(How often) you have a lot of interruption.”

Coworker Support [B1SJCCS] (M1 scale name: A1SJCCS):

Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section F, Question 30 (a, b).
   a. “How often do you get help and support from your coworkers?”
b. “How often are your coworkers willing to listen to your work-related problems?”

**Supervisor Support [B1SJCSS] (M1 scale name: A1SJCSS):**

*Items:* 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section F, Question 30 (c, d, e).

c. “How often do you get the information you need from your supervisor or superiors?”

d. “How often do you get help and support from your immediate supervisor?”

e. “How often is your immediate supervisor willing to listen to your work-related problems?”

**Coding:** 1 All of the time; 2 Most of the time; 3 Sometimes; 4 Rarely; 5 Never.

**Scaling:** The scales are constructed by calculating the sum of the reverse-coded values of the items in each scale. All items except those marked with (R) were recoded so that high scores reflect higher standing in each scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Skill Discretion [B1SJCDS]:**

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**Decision Authority [B1SJCDA]:**

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**Demands Scale [B1SJCDS]:**

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Coworker Support [B1SJCCS]:

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Supervisor Support [B1SJCSS]:

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**Source(s):**


**Studies using the scales:**


**CHRONIC JOB DISCRIMINATION**

**Scales/Items**

Chronic job discrimination [B1SJOBDI] (Scale newly created at MIDUS 2):

**Items**: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section F; Questions 31 (a – f).

a. “How often do you think you are unfairly given the jobs that no one else wanted to do?”

b. “How often are you watched more closely than other workers?”

c. “How often does your supervisor or boss use ethnic, racial, or sexual slurs or jokes?”

d. “How often do your coworkers use ethnic, racial, or sexual slurs or jokes?”

e. “How often do you feel that you are ignored or not taken seriously by your boss?”

f. “How often has a co-worker with less experience and qualifications gotten promoted before you?”

**Coding**: 1 Once a week or more; 2 A few times a month; 3 A few times a year; 4 Less than once a year; 5 Never.

**Scaling**: The scale is constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values**: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least three items on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than three valid items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics**:  

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</table>

**Source(s):**

D. Williams.


**Studies using the scales:**
PERCEIVED INEQUALITY IN WORK

Scales/Items

Perceived inequality in work [B1SPIWOR] (M1 scale name: A1SPIWOR):

Items: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section F; Questions 32 (a – f).

- a. “I feel cheated about the chances I have had to work at good jobs.” (R)
- b. “When I think about the work I do on my job, I feel a good deal of pride.”
- c. “I feel that others respect the work I do on my job.”
- d. “Most people have more rewarding jobs than I do.” (R)
- e. “When it comes to my work life, I’ve had opportunities that are as good as most people’s.”
- f. “It makes me discouraged that other people have much better jobs that I do.” (R)

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of six items. Items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

Perceived inequality in work [B1SPIWOR]

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Source(s):

Corey L. M. Keyes.

Studies using the scales:

GENERATIVITY

Scales/Items:
Loyola Generativity Scale (LGS: Contributions domain measures)

[B1SGENER] (M1 scale name: A1SGENER):

Items: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section H, Question 6 (a-f)
   a. “Others would say that you have made unique contributions to society.”
   b. “You have important skills you can pass along to others.”
   c. “Many people come to you for advice.”
   d. “You feel that other people need you.”
   e. “You have had a good influence on the lives of many people.”
   f. “You like to teach things to people.”

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least three items on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than three valid items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics: (based on the MIDUS 1 RDD sample)

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Source(s):


: Ch. 7. Developmental Roots of Adult Social Responsibility.
**Studies using the scales:**


SOCIAL WELL-BEING

Scales/Items

Meaningfulness of Society (Social Coherence) [B1SSWBMS] (M1 scale name: A1SSWBMS):

Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section H; Questions 16 (a, h)
   a. “The world is too complex for me.”
   h. “I cannot make sense of what’s going on in the world.”

Social Integration [B1SSWBSI] (M1 scale name: A1SSWBSI):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section H; Questions 16 (b, f, k)
   b. “I don’t feel I belong to anything I’d call a community.”
   f. “I feel close to other people in my community.” (R)
   k. “My community is a source of comfort.” (R)

Acceptance of Others (Social Acceptance) [B1SSWBAO] (M1 scale name: A1SSWBAO):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section H; Questions 16 (c, j, n)
   c. “People who do a favor expect nothing in return.”(R)
   j. “People do not care about other people’s problems.”
   n. “I believe that people are kind.” (R)

Social Contribution [B1SSWBCS] (M1 scale name: A1SSWBCS):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section H; Questions 16 (d, g, o)
   d. “I have something valuable to give to the world.” (R)
   g. “My daily activities do not create anything worthwhile for my community.”
   o. “I have nothing important to contribute to society.”

Social Actualization [B1SSWBSA] (M1 scale name: A1SSWBSA):

Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section H; Questions 16 (e, i, m)
   e. “The world is becoming a better place for everyone.” (R)
   i. “Society has stopped making progress.”
   m. “society isn’t improving for people like me.”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree;
   5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items. All items marked
   with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in each scale. For an
item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the particular scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

### Meaningfulness of Society (Social Coherence) [B1SSWBMS]:

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### Social Integration [B1SSWBSI]:

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### Acceptance of Others (Social Acceptance) [B1SSWBAO]:

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### Social Contribution [B1SSWBSC]:

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### Social Actualization [B1SSWBSA]:

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Source(s):


Studies using the scales:

SYMPATHY SCALE

Scales/Items

Sympathy [B1SSYMP] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 4 items- Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section H; Questions 16 (q - t)
  q. “Even when things are going well for me, I can’t be happy if I have a friend who is in trouble.”
  r. “I am moved when I hear of another person’s hardship.”
  s. “I think nothing is more important than to be sympathetic to others.”
  t. “My sympathy has its limit.” (R)

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree;
5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the mean the values of the items. All items
except one marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high score reflects higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least two items on
the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than two valid items on
the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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Source(s):


PERSONAL BELIEFS ON NEIGHBORHOOD

Scales/Items
Perceived Neighborhood Quality/Health [B1SHOMET] (M1 scale name: A1SHOMET):

- **Items**: 4 items- Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section I; Questions 6 (a, b, e, g)
  
  (Please indicate how much each of the following statements describes your situation.
  
  a. “I feel safe being out alone in my neighborhood during the daytime.”
  
  b. “I feel safe being out alone in my neighborhood at night.”
  
  e. “I could call on a neighbor for help if I needed it.”
  
  g. “People in my neighborhood trust each other.”
  
  **Coding**: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

**Scaling**: The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

**Missing Values**: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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Source(s):

PERCEIVED INEQUALITY IN HOME

Scales/Items

Perceived Inequality In Home [B1SPIHOM] (M1 scale name: A1SPIHOM):

**Items**: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section I; Questions 6 (c, d, f, h, j, l)

(Please indicate how much each of the following statements describes your situation.

c. “I live in as nice a home as most people.”
d. “I’m proud of my home.”
f. “Most people live in a better neighborhood than I do.” (R)
h. “I don’t like to invite people to my home because I do not live in a very nice place.” (R)
j. “I feel very good about my home and neighborhood.”
l. “It feels hopeless to try to improve my home and neighborhood situation.” (R)

**Coding**: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

**Scaling**: The scale is constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items. All items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values**: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

**Perceived Inequality In Home [B1SPIHOM]**:

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Source(s):

FAMILY SUPPORT AND STRAIN

Scales/Items:


- **Items:** 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section J, Questions 2 (a – d).
  a. “Not including your spouse or partner, how much do members of your family really care about you?”
  b. “How much do they understand the way you feel about things?”
  c. “How much can you rely on them for help if you have a serious problem?”
  d. “How much can you open up to them if you need to talk about your worries?”

  **Coding:** 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

Family Strain [B1SKINNE] (M1 scale name: A1SKINNE):

- **Items:** 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section J, Questions 2 (g – j).
  g. “Not including your spouse or partner, how often do members of your family make too many demands on you?”
  h. “How often do they criticize you?”
  i. “How often do they let you down when you are counting on them?”
  j. “How often do they get on your nerves?”

  **Coding:** 1 Often; 2 Sometimes; 3 Rarely; 4 Never.

**Scaling:** Scales are constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items in each scale. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the particular scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Family Affectual Solidarity [B1SFAMSO] (M1 scale name: A1SFAMSO):

- **Items:** 8 item scale combining the four “family support” items and four “family strain” items.

  **Scaling:** The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items. Items for the “family support” scale (J2a to J2d) were recoded, so that a high score signifies high levels of family affectual solidarity.

  **Missing Values:** The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on
the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Family Support [B1SKINPO]:**

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**Family Affectual Solidarity [B1SFAMSO]:**

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**Source(s):**


MIDUS scales are revised from this study.


**Studies using the scales:**


FAMILY SUPPORT PROVIDED

Scales/Items:

Providing Family Support [B1SPKINS]: (new at MIDUS 2)

Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section J, Questions 2 (e, f).
  
  e. “How much do you really care about the members of your family, not including your partner or spouse?”
  
  f. “How much do you understand the way they feel about things?”

Coding: 1 Often; 2 Sometimes; 3 Rarely; 4 Never.

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

Providing Family Support [B1SPKINS]:

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Source(s):

H. Markus.
FRIEND SUPPORT AND STRAIN

Scales/Items:
Friend Support [B1SFDSPO] (M1 scale name: A1SFDSPO):
  Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section J, Questions 4 (a – d).
    a. “How much do your friends really care about you?”
    b. “How much do they understand the way you feel about things?”
    c. “How much can you rely on them for help if you have a serious problem?”
    d. “How much can you open up to them if you need to talk about your worries?”
  Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

Friend Strain [B1SFDSNE] (M1 scale name: A1SFDSNE):
  Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section J, Questions 4 (e – h).
    e. “How often do your friends make too many demands on you?”
    f. “How often do they criticize you?”
    g. “How often do they let you down when you are counting on them?”
    h. “How often do they get on your nerves?”
  Coding: 1 Often; 2 Sometimes; 3 Rarely; 4 Never.

Scaling: Scales are constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items in each scale. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the particular scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Friend Affectual Solidarity [B1SFDSOL] (M1 scale name: A1SFDSOL):
  Items: 8 item scale combining the four “friend support” items and four “friend strain” items.

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items. Items for the “friend support” scale (J4a to J4d) were recoded, so that a high score signifies high levels of family affectual solidarity.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”
Psychometrics:

**Friend Support [B1SFDSPO]:**

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**Friend Strain [B1SFDSNE]:**

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**Friend Affectual Solidarity [B1SFDSOL]:**

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**Source(s):**


MIDUS scales are revised from this study.

PERCEIVED INEQUALITY IN FAMILY

Scales/Items:
Perceived Inequality in Family (Relationship with Children)
[B1SPIFAM] (M1 scale name: A1SPIFAM):

Items: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section K, Question 6 (a-f).

a. “I feel good about the opportunities I have been able to provide for my children.” (R)
b. “It seems to me that family life with my children has been more negative than most people’s.”
c. “Problems with my children have caused me shame and embarrassment at times.”
d. “As a family, we have not had the resources to do many fun things together with the children.”
e. “I believe I have been able to do as much for my children as most other people.” (R)
f. “I feel a lot of pride about what I have been able to do for my children.” (R)

Coding: 1 Not at all true; 2 A little true; 3 Moderately true; 4 extremely true.

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items. Items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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Source(s):

Studies using the scales:

**Notes:**

- The study of perceived inequalities follows from the observation that individuals live in social worlds that are filled with conspicuous symbols of class standing (e.g., occupation, car, clothing, home, leisure activities). MIDUS perceived inequality questions were designed to assess the extent to which individuals have an awareness of an unequal distribution of life resources.
- A set of six questions were asked in each of three life domains: how individuals compare their work opportunities with other, their ability to provide for their children, and their living environments (see Ryff et al., 1999).
MARITAL RISK

Scales/Items:
Marital risk scale [B1SMARRS] (M1 scale name: A1SMARR):

Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section L, Question 7, 8.

7. “During the past year, how often have you thought your relationship might be in trouble?”
   Coding: 1 Never; 2 Once; 3 A few times; 4 Most of the time; 5 All the time.
8. “(Realistically) what do you think the chances are that you and your partner will eventually separate?” (R)
   Coding: 1 Very likely; 2 Somewhat likely; 3 Not very likely; 4 Not likely at all.

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the two items. Items marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that higher values indicate higher levels of marital risk.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for both items on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with missing items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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Source(s):
SPOUSE/PARTNER DISAGREEMENT

Scales/Items:

Spouse/Partner Disagreement [B1SSPDIS] (M1 scale name: A1SSPDIS):

- **Items:** 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section L, Questions 9 (a – c).
  - (How much do you and your spouse or partner disagree on the following issues?)
  - a. “Money matters such as how much to spend, save, or invest.”
  - b. “Household tasks, such as what needs doing and who does it.”
  - c. “Leisure time activities, such as what to do and with whom.”

  **Coding:** 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4; not at all.

  **Scaling:** The scale is constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

  **Missing Values:** The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for at least one item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

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Source(s):

SPOUSE / PARTNER SUPPORT AND STRAIN

Scales/Items:

**Spouse/Partner Support (Marital Empathy Scale) [B1SSPEMP] (M1 scale name: A1SSPEMP):**

*Items:* 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section L, Questions 11 (a – f).

a. “How much does your spouse or partner really care about you?”
b. “How much does he or she understand the way you feel about things?”
c. “How much does he or she appreciate you?”
d. “How much do you rely on him or her for help if you have a serious problem?”
e. “How much can you open up to him or her if you need to talk about your worries?”
f. “How much can you relax and be yourself around him or her?”

*Coding:* 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4; not at all.

**Spouse/Partner Strain [B1SSPCRI] (M1 scale name: A1SSPCRI):**

*Items:* 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section L, Questions 11 (g – l).

g. “How often does your spouse or partner make too many demands on you?”
h. “How often does he or she argue with you?”
i. “How often does he or she make you feel tense?”
j. “How often does he or she criticize you?”
k. “How often does he or she let you down when you are counting on him or her?”
l. “How often does he or she get on your nerves?”

*Coding:* 1 Often; 2 Sometimes; 3 Rarely; 4 Never.

**Scaling:** Scales are constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items in each scale. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale.

**Missing Values:** The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the particular scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scales, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Spouse/Partner Affectual Solidarity [B1SSPSOL] (M1 scale name: A1SSPSOL):**

*Items:* 12 item scale combining the six “spouse/partner support” items and six “spouse/partner strain” items.

**Scaling:** The scale is constructed by calculating the mean of the values of the items. Items for the “spouse/partner support” scale (L11a to L11f) were recoded, so that a high score...
signifies high levels of family afectual solidarity.

**Missing Values:** The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for **at least one** item on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with no valid items on the scale, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Spouse/ Partner Support (Marital Empathy Scale) [B1SSPEMP]:**

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**Spouse/Partner Strain [B1SSPCRI]:**

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**Spouse/Partner Affectual Solidarity [B1SSPSOL]:**

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**Source(s):**


**Studies using the scales:**


SPOUSE / PARTNER JOINT DECISION MAKING

Scales/Items:
Spouse/Partner Decision Making [B1SSPDEC] (M1 scale name: A1SSPDEC):

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section L, Questions 17 (a-d).
   a. “My partner and I are a team when it comes to making decisions.”
   b. “Things turn out better when I talk things over with my partner.”
   c. “I don’t make plans for the future without talking it over with my partner.”
   d. “When I have to make decisions about medical, financial, or family issues, I ask my
      partner for advice.”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Somewhat agree; 3 A little agree; 4 Neither agree or disagree;
       5 A little disagree; 6 Somewhat disagree; 7 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: The scale is constructed by calculating the \textbf{sum} of the values of the items. Items were
reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with
a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid values for \textbf{at least two} items on
the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than two valid items on
the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Psychometrics:

\textbf{Spouse/Partner Decision Making [B1SSPDEC]:}

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Source(s):
Lachman, M. E.
RELIGIOSITY

Scales/Items:

Spirituality [B1SSPIRI] (Scale newly created at MIDUS 2):
   Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Question 2 (b, d)
   b. “How spiritual are you?”
   d. “How important is spirituality in your life?”
   Coding: 1 Very; 2 Somewhat; 3 Not very; 4 Not at all.

Religious Identification [B1SRELID] (Scale newly created at MIDUS 2):
   Items: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Question 2 (a, c, e-i).
   a. “How religious are you?”
   c. “How important is religion in your life?”
   e. “How important is it for you -- or would it be if you had children now -- to send your
      children for religious or spiritual services or instruction?”
   f. “How closely do you identify with being a member of your religious group?”
   g. “How much do you prefer to be with other people who are the same religion as you?”
   h. “How important do you think it is for people of your religion to marry other people who
      are the same religion?”
   i. “How important is it for you to celebrate or practice on religious holidays with your
      family, friends, or members of your religious community?”
   Coding: 1 Very; 2 Somewhat; 3 Not very; 4 Not at all.

Private Religious Practices [B1SRELPR] (new at MIDUS 2)
   Items: 3 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Question 3 (a - c)
   (How often do you)
   a. “Pray in private?”
   b. “Meditate or chant?”
   c. “Read the Bible or other religious literature?”
   Coding: 1 Once a day or more; 2 A few times a week; 3 Once a week;
         4 1-3 times per month; 5 Less than once per month; 6 Never

Religious Support [B1SRELSU]: (new at MIDUS 2)
   Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Question 8 (a - d)
   a. “If you were ill, how much would people in your congregation help you out?”
b. “If you had a problem or were faced with a difficult situation, how much comfort would people in your congregation be willing to give you?”
c. “How often do people in your congregation or spiritual community make too many demands on you?” (R)
d. “How often do people in your congregation or spiritual community criticize you and the things you do?” (R)

Coding: 1 A great deal; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 None.

Religious/Spiritual Coping-A [B1SRELCA] (Scale newly created at MIDUS 2):
Items: 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Questions 9 (a, b).
   a. “When you have problems or difficulties in your family, work, or personal life, how often do you seek comfort through religious or spiritual means such as praying, meditating, attending a religious or spiritual service, or talking to a religious or spiritual advisor?”
   b. “When you have decisions to make in your daily life, how often do you ask yourself what your religious or spiritual beliefs suggest you should do?”

Coding: 1 Often; 2 Sometimes; 3 Rarely; 4 Never.

Religious/Spiritual Coping-B: [B1SRELCB] (new at MIDUS 2):
Items: 6 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Question 9 (c - h)
   c. “I try to make sense of the situation and decide what to do without relying on God” (R)
   d. “I wonder whether God has abandoned me.” (R)
   e. “I feel God is punishing me for my sins or lack of spirituality.” (R)
   f. “I look to God for strength, support, and guidance.”
   g. “I work together with God as partners.”
   h. “I think about how my life is part of a larger spiritual force.”

Coding: 1 A great deal; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 None.

Daily Spiritual Experiences [B1SSPRTE] (new at MIDUS 2):
Items: 5 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Question 10 (a - e)
(On a daily basis, how often do you experience the following)
   a. “A feeling of deep inner peace or harmony.”
   b. “A feeling of being deeply moved by the beauty of life.”
   c. “A feeling of strong connection to all of life.”
d. “A sense of deep appreciation.”

e. “A profound sense of caring for others.”

Coding: 1 Often; 2 Sometimes; 3 Rarely; 4 Never.

Mindfulness [B1SMNDFU] (new at MIDUS 2):

Items: 9 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section N, Question 11 (a - i)

(Because of your religion or spirituality, do you try to be..)

a. “more engaged in the present moment.”
b. “more sensitive to the feelings of others.”
c. “more receptive to new ideas.”
d. “a better listener.”
e. “a more patient person.”
f. “more aware of small changes in my environment.”
g. “more tolerant of differences.”
h. “more aware of different ways to solve problems.”
i. “more likely to perceive things in new ways.”

Coding: 1 Strongly agree; 2 Agree; 3 Neither agree nor disagree; 4 Disagree; 5 Strongly disagree.

Scaling: All scales are constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items in each scale. All items except ones marked with (R) were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in each scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least half of the items on the particular scale. Scale scores are not calculated for cases with fewer than half of the items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

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### Source(s):

- **Spirituality, Religious Identification, Religious/Spiritual Coping-A**
  : Ch. 7. Developmental Roots of Adult Social Responsibility.

- **Private Religious Practices**

- **Religious Support, Religious/Spiritual Coping-B, Daily Spiritual Experiences**

- **Mindfulness**

- **Other references:**

- **Studies using the scales:**

### Notes:

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PERCEIVED DISCRIMINATION

Scales/Items:

Lifetime Discrimination [B1SLFEDI] (Scale newly created at MIDUS 2):

Items: 11 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section P, Questions 1 (a - k).

(How many times in your life have you been discriminated against in each of the following ways because of such things as your race, ethnicity, gender, age, religion, physical appearance, sexual orientation, or other characteristics?)

a. “You were discouraged by a teacher or advisor from seeking higher education.”

b. “You were denied a scholarship.”

c. “You were not hired for a job.”

d. “You were not given a promotion.”

e. “You were fired.”

f. “You were prevented from renting or buying a home in the neighborhood you wanted.”

g. “You were prevented from remaining in a neighborhood because neighbors made life so uncomfortable.”

h. “You were hassled by the police.”

i. “You were denied a bank loan.”

j. “You were denied or provided inferior medical care.”

k. “You were denied or provided inferior service by a plumber, care mechanic, or other service provider.”

Coding: Each item is answered by frequency (# of times) of its happening.

Scaling: The scale was constructed by taking the number of “1 or higher” responses to the items.

Missing Values: The scales are computed for cases that have valid values for at least one item on the scale. Scores are not calculated for cases with no valid item on the scales, and coded as “99998” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Daily Discrimination [B1SDAYDI] (Scale newly created at MIDUS 2):

Items: 9 items - Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section P, Questions 2 (a - i)

a. “You are treated with less courtesy than other people.”

b. “You are treated with less respect than other people.”

c. “You receive poorer service than other people at restaurants or stores.”

d. “People act as if they think you are not smart.”

e. “People act as if they are afraid of you.”
f. “People act as if they think you are dishonest.”

g. “People act as if they think you are not as good as they are.”

h. “You are called names or insulted.”

i. “You are threatened or harassed.”

**Coding:** 1 Often; 2 Sometimes; 3 Rarely; 4 Never.

**Scaling:** The scale is constructed by calculating the sum of the values of the items. Items were reverse-coded so that high scores reflect higher standing in the scale. For an item with a missing value, the mean value of completed items is imputed.

**Missing Values:** The scales is computed for cases that have valid values for at least five items on the scale. The scale score is not calculated for cases with fewer than five valid items on the scales, and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Psychometrics:**

**Daily Discrimination [B1SDAYDI]:**

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**Sources:**

The perceived discrimination questions were developed by one of the authors for use in a study of racial discrimination in Detroit (Williams et al., 1997). The questions were based largely on the results of previous qualitative studies of discrimination (Essed, 1991; Feagin, 1991). – from Kessler et al. (1999) [see below]


**Studies using the scales:**


**References:**


PARENTAL AFFECTION IN CHILDHOOD

[Note: Parental Affection in Childhood Scales are available only in MIDUS I data.]

Scales/Items

Maternal Affection [A1SEMA]

Items: 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Question E13, E14 (a - e), E14k.

E13. “How would you rate your relationship with your mother during the years you were growing up” – 1 Excellent, 2 Very good, 3 Good, 4 Fair, 5 Poor

E14 a. “How much did she understand your problems and worries?”
   b. “How much could you confide in her about things that were bothering you?”
   c. “How much love and affection did she give you?”
   d. “How much time and attention did she give you when you needed it?”
   e. “How much effort did she put into watching over you and making sure you had a good upbringing?”
   k. “How much did she teach you about life?”

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all

Scaling: [A1SEMA] was constructed by calculating the mean of the seven items. Items were recoded so that higher scores reflect greater levels of maternal affect.

(*) The reverse coded value of this variable (E13) was multiplied by .75 factorial to maintain continuity with other variables – from SCALES.txt, p.101).

: The scale can be constructed by calculating the sum of the reverse coded values of the seven items.

Maternal Discipline [A1SEMD]

Items: 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Question E14 (f - i).

f. “How strict was she with her rules for you?”

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all

Scaling: [A1SEMD] was constructed by calculating the mean of the four items. Items were recoded so high scores reflect higher levels of maternal discipline.

: The scale can be constructed by calculating the sum of the reverse-coded values of the four items.
Maternal Model of Generosity [A1SMMOD]

**Items:** 2 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Question E14 (l, m)

l. “How generous and helpful was she to people outside the family?”
m. “How sociable and friendly was she to people outside the family?”

**Coding:** 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all

**Scaling:** [A1SMMOD] was constructed by calculating the mean of the two items. Items were recoded so that high scores reflect higher levels of maternal generosity.

: The scale can be constructed by calculating the sum of the reverse-coded values of the two items.

Paternal Affection [A1SEFA]

**Items:** 7 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Question E15, E16 (a - e), E16k

E15 “How would you rate your relationship with your father during the years you were growing up?” – 1 Excellent, 2 Very good, 3 Good, 4 Fair, 5 Poor

E16 a. “How much did he understand your problems and worries?”
b. “How much could you confide in him about things that were bothering you?”
c. “How much love and affection did he give you?”
d. “How much time and attention did he give you when you needed it?”
e. “How much effort did he put into watching over you and making sure you had a good upbringing?”
k. “How much did he teach you about life?”

**Coding:** 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all

**Scaling:** [A1SEFA] was constructed by calculating the mean of the seven items. Items were recoded so that high scores reflect higher levels of paternal affection.

(*The reverse coded value of this variable (E15) is multiplied by .75 factorial to maintain continuity with other variables – from SCALES.txt, p.105.)

: The scale can be constructed by calculating the sum of the reverse-coded values of the seven items.

Paternal Discipline [A1SEFD]

**Items:** 4 items - Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Question E16 (f - i)

f. “How strict was he with his rules for you?”
g. “How consistent was he about the rules?”
h. “How harsh was he when he punished you?”

i. “How much did he stop you from doing things that other kids your age were allowed to do?”

**Coding**: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all

**Scaling**: [A1SEFD] was constructed by calculating the mean of the four items. Items were recoded so that high scores reflect higher levels of paternal discipline.

The scale can be constructed by calculating the sum of the reverse-coded values of the four items.

**Paternal Model of Generosity [A1SEFMOD]**

**Items**: 2 items from Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section E; Question E16 (l, m)

l. “How generous and helpful was he to people outside the family?”

m. “How sociable and friendly was he to people outside the family?”

**Coding**: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

**Scaling**: [A1SEFMOD] was constructed by calculating the mean of the two items. Items were recoded so that high scores reflect higher levels of paternal generosity.

The scale can be constructed by calculating the sum of the reverse-coded values of the two items.

**Parental Affection [A1SEMAPA]**

**Scaling**: [A1SEMAPA] was constructed from the mean of [A1SEMA] and [A1SEFA].

**Psychometrics**:

**Maternal affection**: alpha = .91

**Maternal discipline**: alpha = .77

**Maternal mode of generosity**: alpha = .81

**Paternal affection**: alpha = .93

**Paternal discipline**: alpha = .83

**Paternal mode of generosity**: alpha = .87

**Parental affection**: alpha = .92

**Source(s):**

: Ch. 7. Developmental Roots of Adult Social Responsibility.

**Studies using the scales:**

CO-RESIDING ADULT CHILDREN

Summary Variables:

Number of Co-residing Adult Children (not including foster child and other child)

[B1PCHM1N] (summary variable newly created at MIDUS 2):
- [B1PCHM1N] is a continuous variable based on the total number of child (biological, step, adopted children or child of partner/lover) who is 18 years old or older and currently lives with the respondent.
- Variables used to construct [B1PCHM1N] (from Telephone Interview, Section C.)
  B1PCHAx (child number x's age) = 18 or higher, AND
  B1PCHRx (child number x's relationship to the respondent) 
  = 3 (biological child), 4 (adopted child), 5 (step child), or 7 (child of lover/partner), AND
  B1PCHHx (child number x currently lives in the respondent’s household) = 1 (YES).

Scaling: [B1PCHM1N] is constructed by taking the total number of children in the household member roster who meet three conditions described above.

Missing Values: [B1PCHM1N] is computed for cases that have mentioned at least one child in the household roster interview. For a respondent who had no child, [B1PCHM1N] is not calculated and coded as system missing.

Having Co-residing Adult Children (not including foster child and other child)

[B1PCHM1X] (summary variable newly created at MIDUS 2):
- A dummy variable based on [B1PCHM1N]
  = 1 if [B1PCHM1N] is greater than or equal to “1”
  = 0 if [B1PCHM1N] is “0”

Number of Co-residing Adult Children (including foster child and other child)

[B1PCHM2N] (summary variable newly created at MIDUS 2):
- [B1PCHM2N] is a continuous variable based on the total number of child (biological, step, adopted children, child of partner/lover, foster child, or other child) who is 18 years old or older and currently lives with the respondent.
- Variables used to construct [B1PCHM1N] (from Telephone Interview, Section C.)
  B1PCHAX (child number x’s age) = 18 or higher, AND
  B1PCHRx (child number x’s relationship to the respondent)
= 3 (biological child), 4 (adopted child), 5 (step child), 6 (foster child), 7 (child of lover/partner), or 8 (other child) AND
B1PCHHx (child number x currently lives in the respondent’s household) = 1 (YES).

Scaling: [B1PCHM2N] is constructed by taking the total number of children in the household member roster who meet three conditions described above.

Missing Values: [B1PCHM2N] is computed for cases that have mentioned at least one child in the household roster interview. For a respondent who had no child, [B1PCHM2N] is not calculated and coded as system missing.

Having Co-residing Adult Children (not including foster child and other child)

[B1PCHM2X] (summary variable newly created at MIDUS 2):

: A dummy variable based on [B1PCHM2N]

= 1 if [B1PCHM2N] is greater than or equal to “1”
= 0 if [B1PCHM2N] is “0”
**CHRONIC CONDITION**

**Summary Variables:**

**Number of Chronic Conditions (in past 12 month)**

[B1SCHRON] (M1 variable name: A1SCHRON):
- [B1SCHRON] is a continuous variable based on the total number of chronic conditions the respondent check to have experienced in the past 12 months.
- Questions used to construct [B1PCHHAD]: Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 11. (a to dd)

**Coding:** 1 Yes; 2 No.

**Scaling:** [B1SCHRON] is constructed by taking the total number of “Yes” responses to the questions.

**Missing Values:** [B1SCHRON] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to questions in the summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SCHRON] is not calculated and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**Having Chronic Condition**

[B1SCHROX] (M1 variable name: A1SCHROX):
- A dummy variable based on [B1SCHRON]
  - = 1 if [B1SCHRON] is greater than or equal to 1
  - = 0 if [B1SCHRON] is 0
PRESCRIPTION MEDICINE

Summary Variables:
Number of medicine taking (in past 30 days)

[B1SRXMED] (M1 variable name: A1SRXMED):
- [B1SRXMED] is a continuous variable based on the total number of prescription medicines the respondent has taken during the past 30 days.
- Questions used to construct [B1SRXMED]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 12 (a to I).

Coding: 1 Yes; 2 No.

Scaling: [B1SRXMED] is constructed by taking the total number of “Yes” responses to the questions.

Missing Values: [B1SRXMED] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to questions in the summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SRXMED] is not calculated and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Having Taken medicines

[B1SRXMEX]: (M1 variable name: A1SRXMEX):
: A dummy variable based on [B1SRXMED]
  = 1 if [B1SRXMED] is greater than or equal to 1
  = 0 if [B1SRXMED] equals 0
VITAMINS AND SUPPLEMENTS

Summary Variables:
- Number of Vitamin etc. taking (in past 30 days)
  
  **[B1SSPLMN]** (summary variable newly created at MIDUS 2):
  - [B1SSPLMN] is a continuous variable based on the total number of Vitamin/Mineral/Herbal Supplements the respondent has taken regularly (at least couple of times a week).
  - Questions used to construct [B1SSPLMN]
    : Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 14 (a to o).
  
  **Coding**: 1 Yes; 2 No.
  
  **Scaling**: [B1SSPLMN] is constructed by taking the total number of “Yes” responses to the questions.
  
  **Missing Values**: [B1SSPLMN] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to questions in the summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SRXMED] is not calculated and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Having Taken Vitamin or Other Supplements

**[B1SSPLMX]**: (summary variable newly created at MIDUS 2):
- A dummy variable based on [B1SSPLMN]
  - = 1 if [B1SSPLMN] is greater than or equal to 1
  - = 0 if [B1SSPLMN] equals 0
ACTIVITY OF DAILY LIVING

Summary Variables:

Basic Activity of Daily Living [B1SBADL1] (M1 scale name: A1SBADL):
- Questions used to construct [B1SBADL1]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Questions 28 (b, h)
    (How much does your health limit you in doing each of the following?)
    b. “Bathing or dressing yourself”
    h. “Walking one block”

Basic Activity of Daily Living [B1SBADL2] (newly created at MIDUS 2, M1 items + (d)):
- Questions used to construct [B1SBADL2]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Questions 28 (b, d, h)
    (How much does your health limit you in doing each of the following?)
    b. “Bathing or dressing yourself”
    d. “Climbing one flight of stairs”
    h. “Walking one block”

Intermediate Activity of Daily Living [B1SMADL] (Renamed, called B1SIADL previously):
- Questions used to construct [B1SMADL]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Questions 28 (a, c, e, f, g, i, j)
    (How much does your health limit you in doing each of the following?)
    a. “Lifting or carrying groceries”
    c. “Climbing several flights of stairs”
    e. “Bending, kneeling, or stooping”
    f. “Walking more than a mile”
    g. “Walking several blocks”
    i. “Vigorous activities (e.g., running, lifting heavy objects)”
    j. “Moderate activities (e.g., bowling, vacuuming)”

Coding: 1 A lot; 2 Some; 3 A little; 4 Not at all.

Scaling: The summary variables are constructed by calculating the mean of all the reverse-coded values of the items in each scale. Higher scores reflect a greater difficulty in performing each activities of daily life.
**Missing Values:** The summary variables are computed for cases that have **at least one** valid response to questions in the summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SBADL] and/or [B1SMADL] is not calculated and coded as “98” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”
DYSPNEA

Summary Variables:

Progressive Levels of Dyspnea [B1SDYSPN] (M1 scale name: A1SDYSPN):

- Questions used to construct [B1SDYSPN]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Questions 29 (a to d)
    (Do you get short of breath in the following situations?)
    a. “When hurrying on ground level or walking up a slight hill.”
    b. “When walking with other people your age on level ground.”
    c. “When walking at your own pace on level ground.”
    d. “When washing or dressing.”

Coding: 1 Yes; 2 No.

Scaling: [B1SDYSPN] is constructed by determining the respondent’s consecutive positive responses to the question (A29a through A29d). Higher scores indicates greater progressive levels of Dyspnea.

[B1SDYSPN]

=1 if the respondent answered “Yes” to only A29a.
= 2 if the respondent answered “Yes” to A29a AND A29b.
= 3 if the respondent answered “Yes” to A29a, A29b, and A29c.
= 4 if the respondent answered “Yes” to A29a, A29b, A29c and A29d.

Missing Values: The scale is computed for cases that had valid responses to all four questions used in the summary variable. [B1SDYSPN] is not calculated for cases that have missing data in any questions in the summary variable, and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”
BODY INDICES

Summary Variables:

Waist to Hip Ratio [B1SWSTHI] (M1 scale name: A1SWSTHI):

- Questions used to construct [B1SWSTHI]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Questions 35 (waist size) and Question 36 (hip size)

  **Scaling:** [B1SWSTHI] is calculated by dividing the waist size (in inches) by the hip size (in inches).
  : In calculating waist to hip ratio, following rules were applied to handle extreme cases
    [see “Scales.rtf” (MIDUS-1 documentation) p. 95 for the reference].
    1. To limit the extremes, any waist measurement below 20 was set to 20, and any hip measurement below 22 was set to 22, and anything above 75 to 75.
    2. Any ratio that is beyond 4 standard deviations (above or below) from the mean within gender is coded as “9” to be an extreme case and defined as a missing value.

Body Mass Index [B1SBMI] (M1 scale name: A1SBMI):

- Questions used to construct [B1SBMI]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaires, Section A; Questions 37a and 37b (height), and Q39 (weight).

  **Scaling:** [B1SBMI] is calculated by dividing respondent’s weight (mass) in kilograms by heights in meters squared. The height measure (in inches) was multiplied by 0.0254 to get the height in meters, and the weight (in pounds) was multiplied by 0.4536 to get the mass in kilometers.
  : To limit the extremes, any heights greater than 84 inches were set to 84 inches [Scales.rtf, p. 97]
**SEEING DOCTORS & MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONALS**

**Summary Variables:**

**Number of Times Seeing Medical Doctors (in the past 12 months)**

[B1SUSEMD] (M1 scale name: A1SUSEMD):
- [B1SUSEMD] is a continuous variable based on the total number of times the respondent reported seeing doctors for various reasons.
- Questions used to construct [B1SUSEMD]:
  : Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 53 (a, d, e).
  a. A doctor, hospital or clinic for a routine physical check-up or gynecological exam.
  d. A doctor, emergency room, or clinic for urgent care treatment
  e. A doctor, hospital, clinic, dentist or ophthalmologist for scheduled treatment or surgery.

**Number of Times Seeing Mental Health Professionals (in the past 12 months)**

[B1SUSEMH] (M1 scale name: A1SUSEMH):
- [B1SUSEMH] is a continuous variable based on the total number of times the respondent reported seeing professionals for emotional or mental health.
- Questions used to construct [B1SUSEMH]:
  : Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 54 (a to d).
  a. A psychiatrist.
  b. A general practitioner or other medical doctor.
  c. A psychologist, professional counselor, marriage therapist, or social worker.
  d. A minister, priest, rabbi or other spiritual advisor.

**Coding:** number of times the respondent saw the doctors/professionals./

**Scaling:** [B1SUSEMD] and [B1SUSEMH] are constructed by summing up total number of times the respondent reported seeing doctors/professionals in each question.

**Missing Values:** [B1SUSEMD] and [B1SUSEMH] are computed for cases that have at least one valid response to questions in the summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SUSEMD] and/or [B1SUSEMH] is not calculated and coded as “998” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”
ALCOHOL SCREENING TEST

Summary Variables:
Having alcohol related problems (during the past 12 months)

[B1SALCOH] (summary variable newly created at MIDUS 2):
- Questions used to construct [B1SALCOH]
  : Self-Administered Questionnaire, Section A, Question 66 (a to d).
  a. Did you have any emotional or psychological problems form using alcohol, such as feeling depressed, being suspicious of people, or having strange ideas?
  b. Did you have such a strong desire or urge to use alcohol that you could not resist or could not think of anything else?
  c. Did you have a period of a month or more when you spent a great deal of time using alcohol or getting over its effects?
  d. Did you find that you had to use more alcohol than usual to get the same effect or that the same amount had less effect on you than before?

Coding: 1 Yes; 2 No.
Scaling: [B1SALCOH] is a dummy variable indicating that the respondent has at least one alcohol-related problem.
[B1SALCOH] = 1 if the respondent answered “Yes” to any of four questions.
= 0 otherwise.

Missing Values: [B1SALCOH] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to questions in the summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SALCOH] is not calculated and coded as “8” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

Sources:

References:

Note:
The following item was accidentally omitted during final editing of the MIDUS 2 questionnaire.

"Were you ever, during the past 12 months, under the effects of alcohol or feeling its after-effects in a situation which increased your chances of getting hurt - such as when driving a car or boat, or using knives or guns or machinery?" (A44a in MIDUS 1)
HOUSEHOLD INCOME VARIABLES

Summary Variables:

Respondent’s Income Variables
(based on Self-Administered Questionnaire Question G8 a, b, c)

[B1SG8AX]: “Personal Earning Income” of the respondent, using mid-point of response
category range of Question G8a.

[B1SG8BX]: “Pension Income” of the respondent, using mid-point of response category range
of Question G8b.

[B1SG8CX]: “Social Security Income” of the respondent, using mid-point of response category
range of Question G8c.

[B1SRINC1]: Total income of the respondent based on original income variables
(= sum of [B1SG8AX], [B1SG8BX], AND [B1SG8CX])

Missing Values: [B1SRINC1] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to
questions used in the income summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid
response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SRINC1] is not calculated and coded
as “999999” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

NOTE: [B1SG8AX], [B1SG8BX], [B1SG8CX] are not available on public release. And, in the
public release, [B1SRINC1] is top-coded at $200,000.

Spouse’s Income Variables
(based on Self-Administered Questionnaire Question G9 a, b, c)

[B1SG9AX]: “Personal Earning Income” of the spouse, using mid-point of response category
range of Question G9a.

[B1SG9BX]: “Pension Income” of the spouse, using mid-point of response category range of
Question G9b.

[B1SG9CX]: “Social Security Income” of the spouse, using mid-point of response category
range of Question G9c.

[B1SSINC1]: Total income of the spouse based on original income variables
(= sum of [B1SG9AX], [B1SG9BX], AND [B1SG9CX])

Missing Values: [B1SSINC1] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to
questions used in the income summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid
response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SSINC1] is not calculated and coded
as “999999” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”
NOTE: [B1SG9AX], [B1SG9BX], [B1SG9CX] are not available on public release. And, in the
public release, [B1SSINC1] is top-coded at $200,000.

Other Family Member’s Income Variables
(based on Self-Administered Questionnaire Question G10 a, b, c)
[B1SG10AX]: “Personal Earning Income” of other family members, using mid-point of response
category range of Question G10a.
[B1SG10BX]: “Pension Income” of family members, using mid-point of response category
range of Question G10b.
[B1SG10CX]: “Social Security Income” of family members, using mid-point of response
category range of Question G10c.
[B1SHINC1]: Total income of the family members based on original income variables
(= sum of [B1SG10AX], [B1SG10BX], AND [B1SG10CX])

Missing Values: [B1SHINC1] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to
questions used in the income summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid
response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SHINC1] is not calculated and coded
as “9999998” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

NOTE: [B1SG10AX], [B1SG10BX], [B1SG10CX] are not available on public release. And, in
the public release, [B1SHINC1] is top-coded at $200,000.

Household Total Personal Earning Income
[B1SEARN1]: Total personal earning income of the household based on original income
variables (= sum of [B1SG8AX], [B1SG9AX], AND [B1SG10AX])

Missing Values: [B1SEARN1] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to
questions used in the income summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid
response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SEARN1] is not calculated and
coded as “9999998” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

NOTE: In the public release, [B1SEARN1] is top-coded at $200,000.

Household Total Pension Income
[B1SPNSN1]: Total pension income of the household based on original income variables (=
sum of [B1SG8BX], [B1SG9BX], AND [B1SG10BX])

Missing Values: [B1SPNSN1] is computed for cases that have at least one valid response to
questions used in the income summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid
response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SPNSN1] is not calculated and coded as “9999998” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**NOTE:** In the public release, [B1SPNSN1] is top-coded at $200,000.

**Household Total Social Security Income**

[B1SSEC1]: Total social security income of the household based on original income variables

(= sum of [B1SG8CX], [B1SG9CX], AND [B1SG10CX])

**Missing Values:** [B1SSEC1] is computed for cases that have **at least one** valid response to questions used in the income summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1SSEC1] is not calculated and coded as “9999998” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**NOTE:** In the public release, [B1SSEC1] is top-coded at $200,000.

**Total Household Income**

[B1STINC1]: Total household income across different types and different sources, based on original income variables

(= sum of [B1SG8AX], [B1SG8BX], [B1SG8CX], [B1SG9AX], [B1SG9BX], [B1SG9CX], [B1SG10AX], [B1SG10BX], [B1SG10CX], AND [B1SG12])

**Missing Values:** [B1STINC1] is computed for cases that have **at least one** valid response to questions used in the income summary variable. For cases that do not have any valid response to questions in the summary variable, [B1STINC1] is not calculated and coded as “9999998” for “NOT CALCULATED (Due to missing data).”

**NOTE:** In the public release, [B1STINC1] is top-coded at $300,000.
SUBJECTIVE HEART ATTACK RISK

Scales/Items:
Subjective Heart Attack Risk

[B1PHRTRS]:

Items: 3 items – Telephone Interview, Section A, Question A9, A9a, A9b

A9. “Do you think your risk of a heart attack is higher, lower, or about the same as other (men/women) your age?”
A9a. “Would you say a lot higher, somewhat higher, or only a little higher?”
A9b. “Would you say a lot lower, somewhat lower, or only a little lower?”

Coding: A9: 1 Higher; 2 Lower; 3 About the Same.
A9a and A9b: 1 A Lot; 2 Somewhat; 3 A Little.

Scaling: [B1PHRTRS] is constructed by combines the three questions A9, A9a, and A9b about heart attack risk into rank values from 0 (a lot lower risk) to 3 (average risk) to 6 (a lot higher risk).

[B1PHRTRS]
= 0 if the respondent answered “Lower” to A9 and “A lot” to A9b.
= 1 if the respondent answered “Lower” to A9 and “Somewhat” to A9b.
= 2 if the respondent answered “Lower” to A9 and “A little” to A9b.
= 3 if the respondent answered “About the Same” to A9.
= 4 if the respondent answered “Higher” to A9 and “A Little” to A9a.
= 5 if the respondent answered “Higher” to A9 and “Somewhat” to A9a.
= 6 if the respondent answered “Higher” to A9a and “A Lot” to A9a.

Missing Values: For respondents who answered “Don’t Know” or “Refused” to Question A9, A9a or A9b, the scale was not calculated. A scale was also not constructed for respondents who indicated in Question A8 that they have had a heart attack.

[B1PHRTDX]:

A dummy variable based on [B1PHRTDX]

= 0 if [B1PHRTDX] = 0 THRU 3 (NEGATIVE).
= 1 if [B1PHRTDX] = 4 THRU 6 (POSITIVE).
ANGINA (CHEST PAIN RESULTING FROM CARDIAC ISCHEMIA)

Scales/Items:
Angina Class Rating [B1PANGIN]:

Items: 6 items – Telephone Interview, Section A, Question A17 to A22

A17. “Do you ever get chest pain or discomfort when you walk uphill or hurry?”
A18. “Do you ever get chest pain or discomfort when you walk at an ordinary pace on a level surface, not uphill?”
A19. “When you get pain or discomfort in your chest while you are walking, do you stop, slow down, or continue walking at the same pace?”
A20. “Does it go away when you stand still?”
A21. “How soon does it go away?”
A22. “Where do you get this pain or discomfort?”

Coding:
A17: 1 Yes; 2 No.
A18: 1 Yes; 2 No; 3 Cannot walk because of chest pain; 4 Cannot walk for other reasons.
A19: 1 Stop; 2 Slow down; 3 Continue at the same pace.
A20: 1 Yes; 2 No.
A21: 1 10 minutes or less; 2 More than 10 minutes.
A22: 1 Center of chest; 2 Left side of chest only; 3 Left side of chest and left arm; 4 Somewhere else.

Scaling: [B1PANGIN] is constructed by combines the responses to questions A17 to A22 about chest pain into rank values from 0 to 3, higher values imply worse angina class. 6 means that responses indicate chest pain that did not meet Rose criteria for angina.

[B1PANGIN]
= 0 if the respondent answered “No” to A17.
= 1 if the respondent answered “Yes” to A17.
= 2 if the respondent answered “Yes” to both A17 and A18.
= 3 if the respondent answered “Yes” to both A17 and A18 and “Stop” to A19.
= 3 if the respondent answered “Cannot walk because of chest pain” to A18.
= 6 if the respondent answered “Continue at the same pace” to A19.
= 6 if the respondent answered “No” to A20.
= 6 if the respondent answered “More than 10 minutes” to A21.
= 6 if the respondent answered “Left side of chest only” or “Somewhere else” to A22.
SUBJECTIVE CANCER RISK

Scales/Items:

Subjective Cancer Risk

[B1PCACRS]:

Items: 3 items – Telephone Interview, Section A, Question A27, A27a, A27b

A27. “Do you think your risk of a cancer is higher, lower, or about the same as other (men/women) your age?”

A27a. “Would you say a lot higher, somewhat higher, or only a little higher?”

A27b. “Would you say a lot lower, somewhat lower, or only a little lower?”

Coding: A27: 1 Higher; 2 Lower; 3 About the Same.

A27a and A27b: 1 A Lot; 2 Somewhat; 3 A Little.

Scaling: [B1PCACRS] is constructed by combines the three questions A27, A27a, and A27b about cancer risk into rank values from 0 (a lot lower risk) to 3 (average risk) to 6 (a lot higher risk).

[B1PCACRS]

= 0 if the respondent answered “Lower” to A27 and “A lot” to A27b.

= 1 if the respondent answered “Lower” to A27 and “Somewhat” to A27b.

= 2 if the respondent answered “Lower” to A27 and “A little” to A27b.

= 3 if the respondent answered “About the Same” to A27.

= 4 if the respondent answered “Higher” to A27 and “A Little” to A27a.

= 5 if the respondent answered “Higher” to A27 and “Somewhat” to A27a.

= 6 if the respondent answered “Higher” to A27a and “A Lot” to A27a.

Missing Values: For respondents who answered “Don’t Know” or “Refused” to Question A27, A27a or A27b, the scale was not calculated. A scale was also not constructed for respondents who indicated in Question A26 that they have had cancer.

[B1PCACDX]:

– A dummy variable based on [B1PHRTRS]

= 0 if [B1PCACRS] = 0 THRU 3 (NEGATIVE).

= 1 if [B1PCACRS] = 4 THRU 6 (POSITIVE).
MARRIED OR COHABITATION

Summary Variables:

Married or Cohabitation [B1PPARTN]:

- **Items**: 2 items – Telephone Interview, Section B, Question 19, 30
  19. “Are you married, separated, divorced, widowed, or never married?”
  30. “Are you currently living with someone in a steady, marriage-like relationship?”

- **Coding**: B19: 1 Married; 2 Separated; 3 Divorced; 4 Widowed; 5 Never Married.
  B30: 1 Yes; 2 No.

- **Scaling**: [B1PPARTN] is constructed by combines the response to questions B19 and B30 into a dummy variable where
  - [B1PPARTN]
    - = 2 Otherwise.
SPouse Age

Summary Variables:

Age of Spouse/Partner [B1PSAGE]:

Items: 2 items – Telephone Interview, Administrative Question, Interview Year, and Section B, Question 32

Administrative Information: “Year the phone interview was conducted.”

32. “In what year was your spouse or partner born?”

Scaling: [B1PSAGE] is constructed by taking the difference between the interview year and spouse/partner’s birth year.

Missing Values: [B1PSAGE]’s missing values are the same as [B1PB32Y]. It means that if spouse/partner’s birth year is “Don’t Know” or “Refused” or “INAPP”, spouse/partner’s age will be “Don’t Know” or “Refused” or “INAPP”, respectively.
**HOUSEHOLD SIZE**

**Summary Variables:**

**Number of Respondent's Children Living in Household [B1PKIDHH]:**
- [B1PKIDHH] is a continuous variable based on the total number of children currently lives with the respondent.
- Variables used to construct [B1PKIDHH] (from Telephone Interview, Section C)
  - RA1PCHHx (child number x currently lives in the respondent’s household) = 1 (YES).

**Scaling:** [B1PKIDHH] is constructed by taking the total number of children in the household member roster who currently lives in the respondent’s household.

**Total Number of Individuals Living in Household [B1PHHSIZE]**
- [B1PHHSIZE] is a continuous variable based on the total number of individuals currently lives in the household.
- Variables used to construct [B1PHHSIZE] (from Telephone Interview, Section C)
  - [B1PC4]: Number of household members besides children or self.
  - [B1PKIDHH]: Number of respondent’s children living in household.

**Scaling:** [B1PHHSIZE] is constructed by taking the sum of [B1PC4] and [B1PKIDHH], then add 1 (respondent self).